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TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"Every roof is agreeable to the eye," says Emerson, "until it is lifted; then we find tragedy and moaning women, and hard-eyed husbands, and deluges of lethe, and the men ask, 'What's the news?' as if the old were so bad."

England renounces her wars under the Kellogg treaty, as we renounce our licker—we give it up entirely except when we get it from bootleggers, smugglers, hijackers or moonshiners.

Herbert Hoover takes the Edge off of Senator Jones.

In the good old Nineties, when the agricultural bloc was composed of Populists, a duty of 185 per cent valorem on razor blades might have been regarded as a grand way to help the farmers.

It seems the Marines are coming back from China just in time for another vacation in Nicaragua.

The signing of the peace treaty in the East room at 10 o'clock this morning will mark the proudest moment Frank Kellogg ever experienced in Bill Borah's life.

It is understood that the pen to be used at the momentous event will be made from the wing feather of a white dove.

While the rest of the Senators are attending the ceremony Mr. Blaine will probably go out in the Capitol Grounds and eat a worm.

Speaking of the Capitol Grounds, it is rumored that work on extending the park to Union Station will be rushed so that by the middle of April an 18-hole golf course will be ready for the amusement of those poor Congressmen who are going to have such a lot of time on their hands.

It might be a good idea to save the Kellogg treaty pen to sign the cruiser bill, but we fear that by the time that's ready the ink in the bottle will be dried up.

Senator Swanson delivers a powerful speech in the Senate that the Pifflebund can't answer but this won't prevent them from doing it.

It is encouraging to observe Mr. Hoover view the prohibition question with the eye of a scientist rather than that of a fanatic.

This is indeed a marvelous age in which we live—Al Smith passes the hat by radio, and if this experiment succeeds maybe the preachers will begin taking up a collection after the Sunday morning sermon has been broadcast.

As we skim hastily through Al's optimistic analysis of what happened, the Democratic party should be encouraged by the reflection that in the last election it piled up the largest deficit it ever polled since the first Jefferson campaign.

Bill to repeal the anti-evolution law is tabled in the Tennessee legislature, but what jail is its author in?

Officers of the conference on the Cure of War are elected. What! Haven't the organization disbanded, now that we're not going to have any more?

The Mayflower Pilgrims appear to have encountered something of a Plymouth Rock.

Cleveland boy borrows 15 cents on a temperance pledge against using licker and tobacco as collateral. Newday's that's about what it's worth.

Death agrees to an armistice with that gallant fighter Marshal Foch.

Helen Wills tells about her new love set.

Astronomer informs Congress that he measured the heat of a star with a delicate instrument made from the wing of a common house fly, but some folks tell us that in their apartment the wing of a mosquito couldn't turn this scientific trick.

Washington robber who holds up a tea store and gets away with \$60 is so nervous that those present almost dislocate their necks trying to knock down the barrel of his gun.

Cal. Stewart may not win, but he will go down in history as the man who wasn't afraid to fight Rockefeller.

Boys, here's something soft—New York fashion artists announce that bone yards are going out and feminine curves are coming back into style. A couple of hips and a burrah!

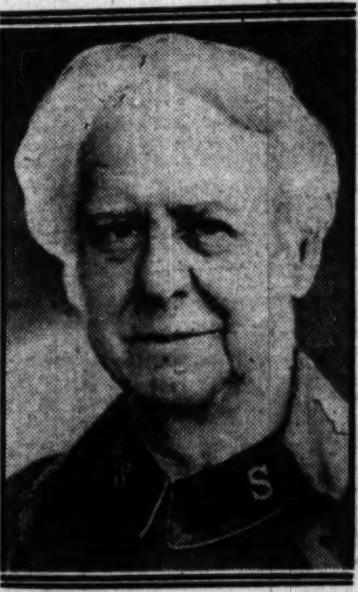
While the East Room affords a nobler setting, we incline to the opinion that American history will attach more importance to the pen with which the Round Robin was signed in the Senate wash room.

The Inaugural Ball is the only thing in Washington that hasn't been affected by the cost of high living since James Madison took Dolly.

LABOR TO URGE HOUSE PAY BILL UPON COOLIDGE

Gen. Booth Held Unfit By High Council's Vote

Salvation Army Chief, in
Reply, States He
Will Fight.



W. BRAMWELL BOOTH.

Sunbury-on-Thames, England, Jan. 18 (United Press).—The Salvation Army high council tonight judged Gen. W. Bramwell Booth unfit to continue as commander in chief of the organization by a vote of 55 to 8.

The high council's decision was reached after two days of debate, during which the aged general's flat refusal to retire from his command was the main topic of discussion.

The dramatic battle for control of the Salvation Army's world-wide organization was strictly a family affair, with the family of Gen. Booth, who is seriously ill at Southwold, ranged on one side against the "reform" element led by Commander Evangeline Booth, sister of the commander in chief.

It was not only a fight to depose Gen. Booth, who was designated chief by his father, William Booth, founder of the army, but a struggle to change the organization's constitution, relieving the commander in chief of his autocratic power and his right to name his own successor.

At the time the high council was voting on the fitness of Gen. Booth to remain in office, the aged commander in chief issued a statement to the London Daily Mail from his sick bed.

"I shall resist by every means within

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 3.

Group Led by Federation
Chief Green Will Visit
President Today.

LEHLBACH MEASURE PASSAGE IS BLOCKED

Welch Retirements, in Which
Adjustments Are Planned,
Are Held Ample.

A delegation headed by President William Green of the American Federation of Labor will call on President Coolidge at 11:30 o'clock this morning and ask him to change his attitude toward the Dale-Lehbach retirement bill.

The bill, which would liberalize the present civil service retirement law, was unanimously endorsed at the last convention of the American Federation of Labor at New Orleans.

President Coolidge was represented two days ago as being opposed to the bill on the ground that the present law is good enough for the 300,000 or more employees whom it affects.

Labor Leaders Compose Group.

Those who will accompany President Green to the White House this morning are Robert H. Alcorn, chairman of the joint conference on retirement; Thomas F. Flaherty, secretary-treasurer of the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks; Edward J. Gaynor, president of the National Association of Letter Carriers; William M. Collins, president of the Railway Mail Clerks Association; Fred S. Walker, secretary-treasurer of Columbia Typographical Union; N. P. Alford, representing the machinists in the Federal Government, and George J. Simmons, of the Printing Pressmen's Union.

It was recalled last night that President Green was largely responsible for winning the President over to the present retirement law. The President felt that a maximum annuity of \$900 should be provided, but Green convinced him a \$1,000 maximum should be allowed.

The Dale-Lehbach bill, which is designed to liberalize the present law, would increase the maximum annuity to \$1,200 and would permit the employee to retire two years earlier than they do now. Clerks must now work until they are 70 to receive the full benefits of the law.

Others Nations More Liberal.

The bill, which, even though it is supposed to "liberalize" the present law, falls far short of the liberality of the retirement laws in many European countries and those in many American cities.

Until the attitude of President Coolidge was made known at the White House the other day there was considerable mystery as to just what was holding the Dale-Lehbach bill up in the House. The administration of the White House made everything perfectly clear.

The House leaders, it is now apparent, have been blocking action on the bill because they knew the President was opposed to it. In the meantime, all of the criticism has been poured on their heads.

The bill was to be allowed to come up for a vote in the House it would pass an overwhelming majority; indeed, it probably would be passed by the House if it once passed the Senate it would become a law, as it already has passed the Senate.

But the House leaders refuse to let it come to a vote, despite the fact that at the last session a special rule was reported out under which it might be considered.

Robert H. Alcorn, chairman of the joint conference on retirement, has been busy at the Capitol all during the session and has provided the members with eloquent printed arguments in favor of the bill. Always, however, he has been up against the stone wall presented by Chairman Green of the rules committee, and other House leaders.

HOOVER WILL ORDER PROHIBITION INQUIRY

Senators Edge and Jones Told
Resolution Will Not Be
Found Necessary.

PRECEDENTS ARE CITED

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

President-elect Hoover yesterday definitely checked the movement in the Senate which would have directed him to appoint a commission directly after his inauguration to investigate prohibition.

Calling Senators Edge, of New Jersey, and Jones of Washington, to his suite at the Mayflower Hotel, he made known that he intended to name such a commission and that he saw no reason why the Senate should resolve on the subject.

The two senators, sponsors of a resolution calling upon Mr. Hoover to launch the investigation, had not known they were going counter to his wishes.

Realizing that an investigation was inevitable, Senator Jones, a staunch dry, was moved before Mr. Hoover's return to introduce a resolution looking to an inquiry, but with a view that it should be in the hands of the drys.

Senator Edge, a wet, promptly took the stand that the inquiry should be in the hands of both wet and drys, and after the two men had been to see Mr. Hoover, Jones agreed to Edge's view and the resolution was amended to call for a commission of nine citizens, instead of a congressional inquiry, as originally contemplated by Jones.

After their call on Mr. Hoover yesterday, though, the two senators said they had come to the conclusion that a resolution to the conclusion that a resolution by the Senate was not needed. They pointed to Gen. Coolidge's Morrow aircraft commission as a precedent for Congress appropriating money for such an agency without having authorized it in the first instance.

The inquiry is to be one by eight or nine citizens, just as contemplated in the Senate resolution, and it is to be all embracing, the senators said. It is to go not only into the lack of enforcement now and the reasons therefor but into the future.

Another doctor was even more optimistic and said there was a "sensible amelioration."

When informed by Dr. Hertz-Boyer of the tremendous interest which his illness had aroused in America, Marshal Foch, speaking slowly and deliberately, said:

"Tell my American friends that I greatly appreciate their good wishes. Thank them for me."

None of the thousands of telegrams which have been arriving daily from the United States and other parts of the world has been shown to the marshal. One of these messages came from Queen Mary of England.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 2.

GAIN MADE BY FOCH CHEERS HIS FRIENDS

Even Cautious Doctors Show
Optimism in Reports on
His Condition.

U. S. SYMPATHY PLEASING

Paris, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—A slight improvement in the condition of Marshal Ferdinand Foch was reported this evening by his doctors.

The fact that they issued no formal communiqué and that none of the doctors remained overnight with the patient combined to produce some feeling of encouragement among the marshal's friends.

There was open joy and exuberance at the Foch office in the Invalides Building where Gen. Weygand slapped Maj. L'Hopital on the back and exclaimed:

"That is much better, the great marshal will see it through."

The major, who is the favorite aide-de-camp of the marshal, was beaming as were also the other officers on the staff.

Dr. Davenier, personal physician for several years to the marshal, said:

"We hope for the best issue. It will be a long, hard pull, but we feel that the marshal will recover."

The doctor qualified this by explaining that owing to the nature of the illness, heart trouble and uremia, the distinguished patient would be at the mercy of any sudden stroke. The visit of a priest to the sick room this afternoon caused some alarmist reports, but these faded before the cheering words from the medical staff.

Another doctor was even more optimistic and said there was a "sensible amelioration."

When informed by Dr. Hertz-Boyer of the whole shameful story of Congress, the whole shameful story of the oil leases might never have been told.

A political party, he asserted, "that polls near 16,000,000 popular votes should be a tremendous factor in the politics of the country, and the strength and force of that great body should not be lost by failure to maintain an organization which would enable them to make themselves heard and felt in the affairs of our Nation."

Defeat Not "Crushing."

Mr. Smith told his radio audience that there was "need at all times for CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 2.

Wife of Gen. MacArthur Is
Liberated on Charge of
Dead Auto Tag.

A persuasive quality in the voice of Mrs. Douglas MacArthur, wife of Maj. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, U. S. A.—plus the very helpful knowledge of where to go when in difficulty—won out over a Maryland justice of the peace on New Year's night, and the lady's ability to keep a secret resulted in all being quiet until today.

Even now, it is grapevine 'wireless' and Gov. Ritchie's confirmation that report the incident, and not Mrs. MacArthur.

Maryland State policemen took Mrs. MacArthur in custody on the night of January 1 at Savage, Md., near Laurel, and asked her to explain to Justice of the Peace Howard U. O'Neill why her automobile, of New York registry, bore a 1928 license tag. Mrs. MacArthur, who is the daughter of E. T. Stotesbury, Philadelphia capitalist, had one ready.

New York State allows 90 days in which automobile owners may obtain the new tag, she said, and she had no idea Maryland laws were different.

O'Neill indicated that the explanation was not sufficient and announced

\$1,000,000 Talkie Stage Destroyed by Flames

Hollywood, Calif., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—The stage just completed for the production of sound pictures at the Paramount-Famous Players-Lasky studio here, at a cost of more than \$1,000,000, was destroyed by fire tonight.

3 Boys Hold Up Pistol
Champion; 1 Is Shot

Kansas City, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Norman Goodson, 17, and two youthful companions picked entirely the wrong man in an attempted holdup here early today.

The intended victim turned out to be A. J. Bayars, champion pistol shot of the Kansas City police force. Bayars, 21, is a member of the police force, and Detective Sergt. Hubert E. Brodie and Frank A. Varney that the man entered the store shortly before 6 o'clock closing time, and was plainly nervous when he drew the revolver on the seven people in the place.

"Throw up your hands and hold them high," they say the bandit, who is old, ordered them in a trembling voice. As the employees and customers complied, the man went behind the counter, opened the cash register, and made off with the money.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 1.

MRS. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR.

SMITH, ON RADIO, URGES MEETING OF DEFICIT NOW

Former Standard-Bearer
Decries the Custom of
Four-Year Wait.

FUND PLEA IS MADE TO RANK AND FILE

Need of Party Functioning
Between Campaigns Is
Stressed in Speech.

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Alfred E. Smith, recent Democratic presidential candidate and former Governor of New York, appealed to the rank and file of the Democratic party by radio tonight to help raise the \$1,500,000 deficit that stands as an aftermath of the "happy warrior" defeat. He spoke over a coast-to-coast hook-up of 30 stations under the auspices of the national committee.

The high council's decision was announced officially late tonight in a communiqué issued at Sunbury Court, where the commissioners met. Apparently only Gen. Booth's wife, his daughter Catherine; his sister, Commissioner Mrs. Booth-Hellberg of Norway, and

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 3.

Autoist Charges Trio Held Him as Captive

Two Women and Man
Held in New Jersey on
Capital Man's Story.

Freed after being held captive at the point of a pistol for nearly ten hours, Raymond L. Schwenk, 29, of 1447 East Capitol street, yesterday morning led New Jersey police to the rendezvous of a man and his two young women companions who, he said, held him up after he had driven them from this city to Hyatt

on as showing "the uncertainties of the situation," as he charitably phrased it.

Senator Swanson in his speech said the need for an increase in the Navy is greater now than ever before in the Nation's history. The greatest defect in the Navy at this time, he said, was the lack of cruisers.

Cruiser Situation Outlined.

"At the time of the Washington conference the cruiser situation was as follows," the senator explained. "The United States had a total cruiser strength, built and building, of 88 cruisers, with a total tonnage of 257,495 tons. All but four of these cruisers were less than 20 years of age.

"Great Britain had, at that time, built and building, 62 cruisers less than 20 years of age, with a total tonnage of 258,710. Great Britain had in addition certain cruisers, built and building, as follows for sale. It will be noted that the ratio of cruiser strength in tonnage was 5 for the United States and 6.6 for Great Britain."

Reverting to the situation as it exists today, Senator Swanson continued:

"At this time the United States has ten modern cruisers, with an aggregate tonnage of 75,000 tons. Six of these cruisers were built in 1923, three in 1924, and one in 1925. In addition, the United States built last year two cruisers between 1926 and 1928. For fifteen years this important arm of the Navy was woefully neglected.

British Naval Strength.

"Great Britain now has 51 cruisers completed since 1911 of a total aggregate tonnage of 269,190. Thus at the present time the cruiser strength of the British navy is three and one-half times that of the United States and twice that of the American Navy. This makes the British navy vastly superior to the American Navy and leaves American commerce, which can only be protected by cruisers, completely at the mercy of the British Navy. The United States has appropriated money for the construction of eight additional cruisers with an aggregate tonnage of 80,000. Great Britain, however, has appropriated for twelve additional cruisers with an aggregate tonnage of 116,600. Thus when all cruisers authorized and appropriated have been constructed the modern naval strength of the United States will be 136,000 tons and that of Great Britain 365,790 tons. This will give Great Britain a cruiser strength in the ratio of 13 to Great Britain and 5 for the United States."

Senator Swanson then demonstrated that the question of remaining in the ratio of 5 to America's 5, as set out by the Washington Conference, has equalled and surpassed the United States in cruiser strength and that the ratio is now 13 for Japan and 5 for the United States.

Japan's Superiority Shown.

"Considering the abandonment of our bases in Samoa and the Phillipine Islands, Senator Swanson said, 'Japan will be superior to the Navy of the Western Pacific and any effort on our part to protect our commerce and possessions under existing naval conditions would be almost futile. This depends on our ability for fifteen years to build any cruisers.'

"It is useless to try to disguise the fact that the American Navy is now insufficient to answer the needs of America. We must, if we are to respond to the demands for the safety and security of our commerce and possessions. Our hold upon the Panama Canal and our great interests there are no stronger than is the American Navy."

A additional point of certain is that our sailors were mistresses of the seas and claimed the right to so continue. Senator Swanson said:

"It is unwilling, either by treaty or agreement, or by failure, to have any right to claim the right to do this right to Great Britain."

"This does not mean competition in naval armaments, the senator said, unless other countries assume the responsibility of such competition by endeavoring to keep the American Navy in a position of inferiority."

Senator Swanson discussed the ill-fated Geneva Conference, asserting that the British sought to establish her dominion on the seas beyond the British Isles. He rejected the American program for limiting armaments and endeavoring to substitute a British program which would have jeopardized friendly American naval interests.

The alliance agreement between Great Britain and France, which followed the Geneva conference, was described as having been designed against the United States.

"The alliance, if entered into," Senator Swanson said, "would not only have been a serious menace to the United States, but also to other nations."

Call Alliance Menace.

It is difficult to discover the reasoning of the British government by which it believed it could ever beguile us into such an alliance, he asserted.

After the Swanson speech, the interior Department's appropriation committee reported and prohibition speech by Senator Shepard Hale of the afternoon. Senator Hale in charge of the cruiser bill, is confident of getting a vote within a week but opponents of the measure are counting on long delays in the Senate.

The bill provides that children of foreigners born in Turkey shall be Turkish citizens, although on reaching their majority they may elect the nationality of their parents. In that case, the new Turkish citizen will be entitled to the same rights as those from the standpoint of others. Lastly he was never affectionate even with his mother."

X-ray Negative Shown.

Dr. Ekdridge exhibited X-ray negatives in a project machine to show that he found heart and nerve irregularities. The endocrine glands, which determine response and enjoyment of life, he said, were improperly developed.

Dermographia, or skin-writing was used to show poor distribution of blood which nourished the nerves.

"All of this indicated a backward student, retarded adolescence and other physical abnormalities," Dr. Ekdridge said.

Launched into a long series of medical terms, the specialist concluded:

"This irregularity of blood supply to nerves and the glandular abnormality simply bears out the indifference of the patient. He is born for nothing but to injure the family of Smith and his own relatives. But he is not interested. The only kick he is getting out of this trial comes from being the center of attraction, the hero as it were. This is evidenced by his reading of lurid literature and his 'fantasy life.'

The prosecution struck heavily at the defense, Dr. Carhart in cross-examination. Solicitor General Jones, a Boston attorney, complimented him as "a hard worker." Dr. Ekdridge said Harsh wrote to the doctor in which such words as "psychology" and "polyglot" were used and the physician agreed it was above the average.

Dr. Carhart said he was not acquainted with Atlanta, and testified as to Harsh's abnormality before he came here four years ago.

Incapable of Chewing. He Says.

The last day's witness, Dr. D. Daly, farmer, here from Matavene, New York, State's Hospital for criminal insane and now an Atlanta physician, said he believed Harsh knew the difference between right and wrong but was incapable of choosing the right conduct.

And he is then led by someone else or someone's suggestions," he added. He said Harsh told him he shot at Smith "because he shot at me," and Harsh claimed the doctor was right in saying he knew the other "fair game."

Two X-ray specialists testified as to alleged abnormalities found in X-rays of Harsh.

Defense and State's attorneys agreed they had little hope of completing the case before Saturday.

Lester J. Hinshaw Dies.

Lester J. Hinshaw, 68, prominent Sacramento attorney and a life-long friend of the late President Herbert Hoover, died here today after a long illness. He was president of the chamber of commerce and was a member of the California delegation to the Republican national convention in Kansas City.

MRS. RUTH'S DEATH AGAIN LAID TO BURNS

Second Autopsy Fails to Justify Suspicion of Crime Held by Relatives.

CHILD ADOPTED, IT IS SAID

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 16 (U.P.)—Reports of poisoning or foul play in the death of Mrs. George Herman Ruth, wife of the Yankees home-run king, were definitely ended tonight with the announcement of the findings in the second autopsy on the body.

District Attorney George T. Bushnell, who has overseen Medical Examiner Dr. George E. McGrath to conduct a second autopsy at the insistence of Mrs. Ruth's relatives that foul play had occurred, issued the following statement early tonight:

"Dr. McGrath has just given me a verbal report which establishes the fact that death was due to fire the cause of which was found to be accidental by the State fire marshal's office. There is no evidence of poisoning, and the case is closed as far as this office is concerned."

No Breach, Say Relatives.

Watertown, Mass., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Relatives of Mrs. Ruth, wife of the Yankees home-run king, have been told through counsel today that "There is no breach between them and the Babe and none is expected."

Mrs. Ruth lost her life last Friday night in a fire at the home of Dr. Edward T. Hinshaw, a doctor who had been a friend of the Ruths for many years and had been known to neighbors as Mrs. Kinder. When it was discovered that she was the wife of the champion home-run hitter an investigation into the circumstances of her death began.

The statement of Mrs. Ruth's relatives was issued through Dr. Hinshaw, while plans for Mrs. Ruth's funeral were in abeyance pending a report on an autopsy made by Dr. George E. McGrath, medical examiner of Middlesex County, who found that Mrs. Ruth died from suffocation and incineration, and District Attorney George T. Bushnell expressed himself as being satisfied with the report.

"Dr. Hinshaw has equalled and surpassed the United States in cruiser strength and that the ratio is now 13 for Japan and 5 for the United States."

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Not his Child, It Is Believed.

In his statement Hinshaw set at rest reports that a legal battle was impending between the Babe and Mrs. Ruth's relatives over the custody of 8-year-old Dorothy Ruth, now in a home in Watertown, Mass., which he said has "adequate" to be sound reason to believe that Dorothy was not the child of the Babe and his wife, either by birth or adoption."

"It is believed turned out to be true," he added. "The Hinshaw family is willing and anxious to give the child the same loving care and attention which Mrs. Ruth had given her from babyhood and in his defense he will say he has had no reason to believe that there will be any cooperation of the Babe." This does not mean that an attempt will be made by Mrs. Ruth's family to adopt the child, but does mean that they will do whatever is best for her future welfare."

While Hinshaw declined to amplify his statement in regard to the belief that Dorothy was not the daughter of the Babe, he said that he will retain his original connection with the Ruths.

Mr. Hinshaw, who has been a specialist in adoption for twenty years, and Dr. Frank Ekdridge, Atlanta neurologist, have an honorary committee to help him in his efforts.

Dr. Hinshaw said he is "totally incapable of controlling his impulses."

B. S. Walker, Oil Magnate.

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—B. S. Walker, 82, multimillionaire oil man and ranchman, died here today after a year's illness. Before moving to Fort Worth he was Mayor of Breckenridge, Tex. He was chairman of the First National Bank of Fort Worth.

He was impulsive, he said. No other type of craft will serve the purpose of the modern cruiser, he explained.

Hal Confident of Vote.

As for aircraft and submarines, they count only in the sense that they may make it more difficult for other nations to safeguard their commerce by cruisers.

They themselves offer protection to American commerce.

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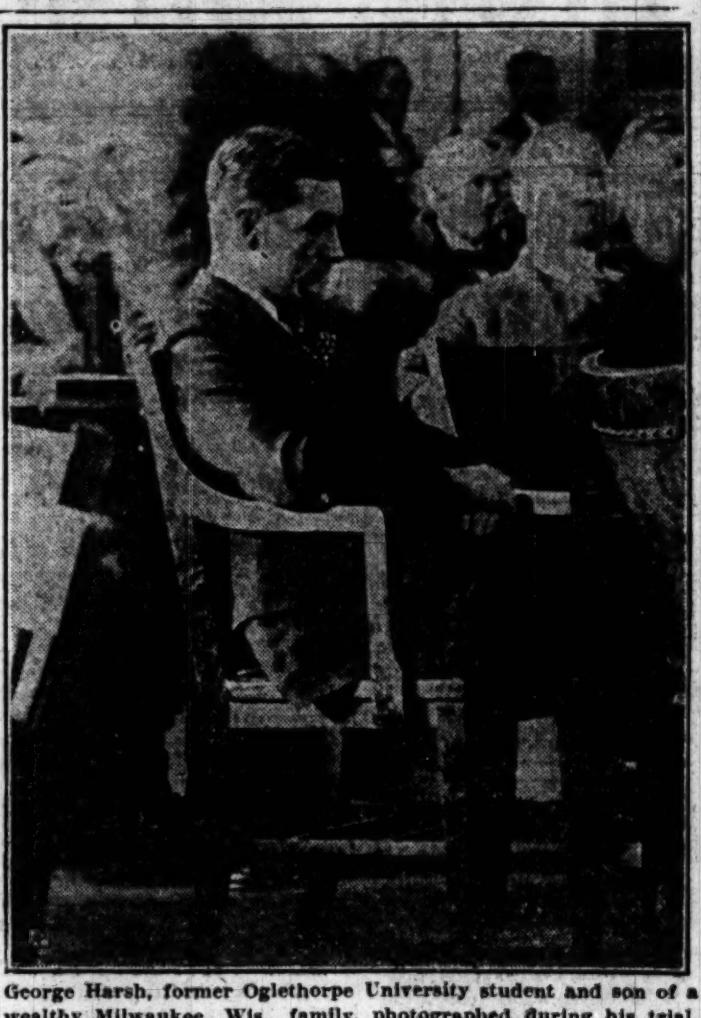
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COLLEGIATE SLAYER GOES TO TRIAL



George Harsh, former Oglethorpe University student and son of a wealthy Milwaukee, Wis., family, photographed during his trial.

BAR ASSOCIATION'S VOTE DUSTS JUDGE

Forfeiture of Membership of Los Angeles Jurist First on Record.

M'PHERSON CASE FIGURE

Miami Beach, Fla., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Membership of Carlos S. Hardy, one of two judges of the Criminal Court of Los Angeles County, Calif., was suspended for one year by the association's executive committee. The action was taken after a four hour executive session and was declared to be the first such disciplinary action by the association.

An official statement issued by the committee announced Judge Hardy's membership had been forfeited for violation of three of the association's canons of judicial ethics and one of the canons of professional conduct.

The professional canon refers to upholding the honor and maintaining the dignity of the legal profession.

Charges in Citations.

The first citation for violation of judicial canons was for alleged conduct that would "justify" imputations that the judge's personal conduct influenced him or unduly influenced his favoritism. The second referred to alleged violation of the canon stating that members should not incur obligations pecuniary or otherwise which would be any burden or expense to another or interfere with devotion to the expeditious and proper administration of official functions. The third citation was for alleged acceptance of presents or favors from organizations or from others whose interests were likely to be submitted to him for judgment.

The executive committee declined to make a statement as to the facts of the case that led to the result.

On the day the executive group accepted a report of the committee on the conservation of legislative resources, recommending State legislation to clarify a doubly complicated situation in the conservation of public lands, the association's executive committee recommended that the executive committee be given a formal statement.

Northcott's action was against the advice of Superior Judge George E. Freeman, as expressed both in private conference and in open court.

After the executive committee recommended that the association's executive committee be given a formal statement, Northcott accepted the advice of his attorney, George E. Freeman, to file a formal statement to the court.

Northcott's action was against the advice of Superior Judge George E. Freeman, as expressed both in private conference and in open court.

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OIL DEFENDANT MADE GIFTS TO ASA KEYES

Louis Berman Testifies to Brother Paying Bill for Prosecutor's Lamps.

CHECKS SHOWN IN TRIAL

Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Bank checks which Louis Berman testified he gave to Ben Getzoff for "expenses" in connection with the alleged "fixing" of the Julian Petroleum case were introduced as evidence by the State in the trial of former District Attorney Asa Keyes and five others on bribery charges here today.

Four checks of \$50 each and one check for \$500, made payable to B. Getzoff and written by Louis Berman between June and August 24, 1928, under the direction of his brother, Jas. Berman, were a Julian case defendant, according to Louis' testimony, were presented.

Given Club to Keyes.

A check for \$175 bearing a notation "For golf club to A. E." which was made out to a sporting goods house and a check for \$600 which Louis Berman said was payment for lamps and lamp shades bought by Keyes, also were presented.

"Who told you to buy the golf clubs?" Robert L. Stewart, chief deputy district attorney, asked Louis Berman.

"My brother Jacob. He gave me a check."

"To whom were they given?"

"I took them to Asa Keyes' home in Beverly Hills and gave them to him. He looked at them. They had his initials imprinted on them and said: 'They are nice, thank you.' Berman replied.

"How did you happen to pay for the lamp shades?" Stewart asked.

"Ben Getzoff gave me the bill and told me to pay it. It listed lamps and shades and was marked 'delivered to Asa Keyes.'"

None Call Described.

Berman testified that Mr. and Mrs. Ben Getzoff and Mr. and Mrs. Asa Keyes came to his home for dinner early in July and that he had true Jacob Berman, who was then in New York, on the telephone and asked that Jacob call about 8:30 o'clock so that Getzoff and Keyes might talk to him.

Concerning the Julian case, Berman said that Getzoff talked to Jacob over the telephone that "everything would be all right concerning the embezzlement and forgery charges against him" which were pending. Jacob then directed Louis Berman to pay Getzoff \$500.

Six Members of Family Die in Tenement Fire

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Six members of one family lost their lives in a fire in a two-story tenement house on a 12th street last night, a few hours after they had moved into the house. Five other persons, one of them a fireman, suffered from smoke and burns. One hundred families were driven to safety by firemen from the surrounding building and two adjoining dwellings.

Three of the dead were identified as Mrs. Justin Martinez, 45 years old, and two younger grandchildren. The children's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dionicio Martinez, and another child were missing.

Shot in Sleep, Liner's Assistant Purser Dies

Manila, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Alfred Daniels, assistant purser of the liner President McKinley, died here today from a gun shot wound received by an unknown assailant January 11.

McDaniels, whose home was at Moscow, Idaho, was shot while sleeping aboard ship.

WOMAN'S QUICK WIT MOVES GOV. RITCHIE

Continued from Page 1.

put in a call for Gov. Albert C. Ritchie and Gossel and the governor conferred about the matter at some length.

The governor had no objection to Mr. McArthur's proposal, he told Gossel, and suggested that Maryland should not go out of the way to inconvenience a person whose compliance with regulations of another State brought no difficulties through oversight.

It was agreed that Gossel would be skeptical of the version of New York's license privilege, but Mrs. McArthur rode to Washington in her automobile and the same night, too.

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DEMOCRATIC SURVIVOR AT PARLEY



Associated Press Photo.

Democratic National Chairman John J. Raskob and Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt, as they conferred in the latter's office at Albany, N. Y., Tuesday.

SMITH ASKS VOTERS TO RAISE DEFICIT

Continued from Page 1.

real facts concerning public happenings."

"To produce and to publish material and information costs money," he continued.

"There are two ways to many

which ought to be brought fairly and honestly before the American people in the next four years.

is Called Vindication.

"As a matter of fact, we have had an immediate follow-up in the election in the Republican press concerning the crushing defeat administered to the Democratic party. While it is true that our system of the Electoral College gave Mr. Hoover a majority, the popular vote was 51 per cent of the total vote, so that he was elected.

He asserted that he drove an automobile meeting one group of at least six men to three polling places in the third and fourth wards. They were all from Pennsylvania, he testified, one from Reading and one from Lebanon.

According to the witness' understanding, the "repeaters" received \$1 each for their services and paid out only of this money.

No, sir, they wouldn't give me any to pay out."

Steiner declared he did not know of any other voter in the state except the two Pennsylvanians. He declined to furnish the address of one of them, known as "Big Nick."

It was reported that Mr. Hill had been given \$1000 by a New York attorney in December when Steiner was accused of burglary. Steiner's brother, Isadore, held on the same charge, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

The commissioners of the high council have been guided by legal advice to insure that the action taken is constitutional," the official communiqué said. "It is intended that nothing shall be in the nature of a personal reflection on Gen. Booth.

We believe that an examination of the names of the commissioners voting for the adjudication will reveal the action was supported by every territorial commander with the exception of the general's daughter."

Telephoned to General.

The council's decision was telephoned to Gen. Booth at Southwold by a telephone which will spend the night at Sunbury Court. Commander Evangeline Booth, who has not seen her brother since his arrival in England, was told of the decision and had a conference with him.

Mr. Leach called on Emil T. Mallek, attorney and notary public, who presided at the hearing to advise the witness that he would be called as a witness in the trial of Eugene Mace, who, Schaeffer explained to him, had died.

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Despite the statement of the council as to the constitutionality of the decision, the exact status of the army administration will not be determined until further developments.

There is a strong possibility that the whole complexion of the Electoral College will be altered by the election of Gen. Booth.

It is understood that the problem of selecting a successor to Gen. Booth would be considered Friday.

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Thursday, January 17, 1929.

CRUISERS FOR SAFETY.

Many phases of the cruiser question were presented by Senator Swanson in the Senate yesterday. His speech should be read by every citizen who is seeking for accurate information on this subject. Mr. Swanson has served for many years on the naval affairs committee, as well as upon the foreign affairs committee, and is especially qualified to deal with the international aspects of American naval policy.

If the United States were determined to enter into competition with Great Britain, in an effort to make the American Navy stronger than the British navy, the present cruiser bill would not have been proposed. The fifteen cruisers that are proposed will not make the United States Navy equal to the British navy in cruiser strength. Therefore, any allegation here or abroad that the cruiser bill constitutes the beginning of a naval race with Great Britain is entirely unfounded. The cruiser program has been prepared with a view to the replacement of old vessels and a moderate enhancement of strength, far below what the United States would be entitled to provide if an agreement establishing British-American-cruiser equality were in existence.

Since the establishment of capital ship equality the British navy has been strengthened by the addition of many new cruisers, so that at present the British navy is much more powerful than the United States Navy. This disparity of strength is not in harmony with the spirit of the Washington naval treaty. It disturbs the good relations of the two countries and peremptorily calls for a readjustment of conditions before further friction develops. President Coolidge's attempt to reach a readjustment at Geneva failed because of Britain's refusal to agree to substantial equality of naval strength. In effect, the United States was told that if it wished to make itself stronger on the sea it could do so, but that Britain intended to retain sea supremacy.

In his Armistice Day address President Coolidge called attention to the fact that foreign nations were willing to limit naval armament when the United States was stronger, but unwilling to limit it when they were stronger than the United States. Now Senator Swanson observes that the construction of the proposed fifteen cruisers will have a tendency to convince Great Britain that the United States really desires substantial naval equality as a reassurance of confidence and good will between the two great powers. He thinks that the construction of the cruisers will induce British opinion to perceive that it is unwise to permit present conditions to become worse, and that an agreement to limit and equalize naval strength will be hastened.

Setting aside all comparisons with foreign navies, and ignoring consideration of possible limitation agreements, the cruiser bill should be passed in order to provide for the necessities of the United States. The Nation's foreign commerce, the Panama Canal and the outlying possessions must be protected, whether there is a naval agreement or not. No agreement would call for the scrapping of the cruisers provided by this bill, since foreign fleets are already larger than the American fleet. If there is to be any scrapping of vessels it must be done by foreign powers. Let them emulate the United States, which scrapped modern battleships in order to bring down American naval strength to an equality with British naval strength.

The United States has agreed to renounce war as a means of effecting its policies. Other nations are expected to join in this renunciation. Thus a long step toward peace will be taken, and every one hopes that the peace treaty will never be violated. But no nation can afford to rest its security upon hope alone.

No nation is doing so. All the strong nations are keeping their defenses strong. Thus they are providing for their safety, whether treaties hold or fail. The United States must do the same thing. This Congress and this administration are responsible for the security of the Nation, now and for the immediate future. They can not shirk this responsibility without running risks that no government can afford to take.

TARIFF REVISION.

The ways and means committee of the House is in the midst of exhaustive hearings on tariff schedules preparatory to a general revision at the extra session to be called next spring. At present the committee is engaged with hearings on wood and steel products. Various agricultural groups, the paper manufacturers and others have had their turn before the committee. Hundreds of witnesses have testified to the certain bankruptcy which faces their industries unless the tariff wall is raised. Every manufacturer who needs protection against cheap foreign goods and every concern that hopes to boost its prices under the guise of protection is storming the committee.

In a number of instances spirited disputes have broken out between conflicting interests. The American dairymen called for an increase of more than 300 per cent in the duty on casein. Makers of coated paper immediately retorted that the United States does not furnish enough casein for their needs, and that the proposed increase would ruin them and in turn raise the price of coated paper to the dairymen. Examples of this kind are sufficiently numerous to indicate that indiscriminate hoisting of the tariff is no panacea for the maintenance of prosperity.

Along with the manufacturers the voice of labor is now heard demanding that revision be such as to insure that "proper protection be accorded the employee opportunity of American wage earners." This petition has the backing of the American Federation of Labor and America's Wage Earners Protective Conference. Labor will not be ignored in any future reconstruction of the tariff wall. The organizations expect, and are entitled to, consideration on the same basis as industry. The present demand is for levying of duty on the basis of American valuation of imported goods rather than on the price such goods command in the country where they are made. The delegates complain that the heavy investment of American capital in foreign industry has induced some manufacturers to close down their home plants and to import goods made by cheap foreign labor as though they were American products.

The need of protective duties for agriculture has long since been recognized. There are other industries which are also dependent on higher duties for rehabilitation. But there is no hope of curing all the miscellaneous ills of industry or labor by applying higher tariff duties. The consumer must not be ignored. The hope of majority leaders to cut the special session short should not result in railroading through a tariff measure which will satisfy special demands, without regard to the possible effect upon the Nation as a whole. Sufficient time should be taken to make certain that the tariff will be equitable to industry, labor and the public.

RETIREMENT PAY.

Public sentiment generally is with Government employees in their effort to obtain further liberalization of the retirement law. The project is inseparably bound up in the meager pay scale prevailing in Government service. Government workers have to depend upon their annuities for sustenance when they have passed the period of usefulness. At present the annuities do not begin to provide the necessities of even a bare existence. Retired Government workers generally have to depend upon the assistance of family, children or friends for support.

A bill is before Congress providing for liberalization of the retirement laws. Providing for a maximum annuity of \$1,200, it can not be described as generous. Nevertheless, if it could be administered in harmony with the present financial policy of the Government, it should be enacted, as providing some measure of equity to those whose long and faithful service to the Government entitle them to a few years of surcease from financial worries during their old age.

President Coolidge is represented as opposed to the bill on the ground that the Treasury is not in a position to assume the additional financial burden it would entail, and that the recently enacted retirement liberalization measure should be given a further trial before new legislation is considered. It is not likely that strength sufficient to pass the measure over a veto could be mustered. Activity in behalf of the bill at this time, however, is not wasted. Both the pay-raise and the retirement liberalization measures should be kept before the public and Congress until satisfactory and deserved relief is obtained.

SALE OF SHIP LINES.

Eight offers for the purchase of the United States Lines and American Merchant Lines were received by the Shipping Board in response to the advertisement first published last August. The top bid was \$16,082,000. Immediately after the bids were opened certain senators let it be known that they considered the offers ridiculously low. The Shipping Board will take its time in analyzing the bids and there is no way of ascertaining which, if any, it will consider accepting. There can be no doubt, however, that a determined effort will be made in Congress to forestall the acceptance of any of the bids on the ground that the United States has no right to make a "gift" of its ships to private operators.

Two important considerations are involved in the project of selling the Government-owned ships. They are: (1) Removal of the country might deem it always wise to choose a man of broad experience for the Vice Presidency and a President able to direct him and able to deal with large national policies as well. In other words, we should then be on the road to improving greatly the value and importance of the Vice President.

There is need of utilizing every possible aid in overcoming the gap between Congress and the Executive. The desirability of making fuller and more satisfactory use of the Vice President is apparent: in Congress, where his duties are in the Senate; in the White House and executive departments, where his usefulness depends largely upon his relationship and willingness to aid the President.

So long as the Government remains in the shipping business, private operators will face

unfair competition. Until the Government succeeds in disposing of its merchant tonnage there is not the slightest possibility that a satisfactory merchant marine can be established. The policy of separation of Government and business is generally recognized as having enabled all American business and industry to reach unparalleled development; the sluggishness in the development of a merchant marine is in large part attributable to the failure of the Government to dispose of its merchant tonnage.

All of the bids for the Government-owned lines made provision for the construction of new tonnage, and contained guarantees for the operation, for at least five years, of the tonnage under consideration. The matter of price is not of paramount importance in connection with the sale of the lines. The Government, of course, should obtain as much for its property as possible, but the Shipping Board should consider the problem of getting the ships into competent hands, under a guarantee to operate them through the years, as of far greater importance than the price to be received.

SANDINO AGAIN.

The demand of Gen. Augusto Sandino, rebel leader, that the American Marines be withdrawn from Nicaragua before he will consent to negotiate terms of peace, is a most potent reason why the Marines should remain in that country until armed resistance is at an end. So long as he and other traitors remain at the head of hostile bands, Nicaragua will not be safe without protection of the Marines.

Sandino has suggested that the province of Nueva Segovia be separated from Nicaragua and placed under his control. President Moncada very properly pronounces the proposal "treason," and has ordered an enlistment of volunteers to combat the rebel forces. A government can not afford to make peace with outlaws. The Nicaraguan government can not be considered fully stabilized until this opposition is exterminated. All that has been accomplished by the United States in stabilizing Nicaragua might be undone if the Marines should be withdrawn before Sandino is quelled.

The Maryland committee on obsolete, superfluous or useless laws has recommended to Gov. Ritchie the repeal of the statute making it a misdemeanor to buy or sell whisky from a wagoner "below the market price of the day" or without a written bill of sale. In these days of high-priced liquors the repeal of such a law would be a great blessing.

A he-man is one who buys his face powder bravely without volunteering the information that it's for his sister.

Now let somebody offer \$25,000 for a plan to overcome America's belief that a prize offer will solve all problems.

The trend of literature, now as always, is the direction of the paying teller's window.

THE VICE PRESIDENT

By FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT,
Governor of New York

Extracts from article by Mr. Roosevelt, published in the Saturday Evening Post, October 16, 1920.

There is no better example of the industrial waste at Washington than is shown by the traditional conception of the duties of the Vice President.

Here is a man supposedly fully capable to act as President of the United States who has been nominated and elected by exactly the same procedure as that of the President himself. Yet, the only official work devised for him is to preside over the Senate when in session, where his duties are largely perfunctory. He has no duties in relation to either the executive or judicial branch of the Government.

There has come to be a striking unanimity of opinion that the time has come when the Government of the most progressive Nation in the world should cease attempting to do business under the stately rules of 1789.

In a large sense, the first step must come in betterment of relations between Congress and the White House. I think that the first count in the Nation's bill of complaint is that the legislative and executive families are all but disastrously too far apart when they are of different political faith, and still too far apart when they are of the same political faith.

Certainly no commission of experts called from outside by either Congress or the President can succeed with the gigantic problem of reorganization of the most intricate business in the world.

Even with harmony between the legislative and executive families achieved, any one in the least familiar with the inner workings of the executive departments and bureaus knows that it is tremendously difficult to accomplish reforms in any one of the departments and vastly more difficult when the reforms imply the disturbances of various century-old establishments and prerogatives.

The question then is: Would it be possible for the Vice President, who is not tied down to a desk, to help, especially in relation to problems where the jurisdiction or control does not rest in one department, but partly in several? Would it be practical for the Vice President at the request of a department head or of the President to study such a situation and report?

There are many matters of very great importance that never come up in Cabinet meetings, such as large reorganization or administrative questions which might be handled by an experienced Vice President, quite as completely as they could be handled by an experienced executive assistant to the President.

In a larger sense, the stockholders or voters of the country might deem it always wise to choose a man of broad experience for the Vice Presidency and a President able to direct him and able to deal with large national policies as well. In other words, we should then be on the road to improving greatly the value and importance of the Vice President.

There is need of utilizing every possible aid in overcoming the gap between Congress and the Executive. The desirability of making fuller and more satisfactory use of the Vice President is apparent: in Congress, where his duties are in the Senate; in the White House and executive departments, where his usefulness depends largely upon his relationship and willingness to aid the President.

So long as the Government remains in the shipping business, private operators will face



Moral and Material Insurance Against War.

PRESS COMMENT.

Fairy Tale.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Once upon a time a truck went into the ditch as a result of the driver trying to edge over enough so a coming Oliver would have plenty of room to pass.

Tut, Tut.

Minneapolis Journal: The youth on the California team who won football distinction by making a mad 75-yard dash in the wrong direction would do well to keep out of Wall street.

And Golf Ballerina.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: Mr. Ford predicts that all labor, even housework, will in time be done by machinery. In that case we would better plan now to have more fish hatcheries.

More Trouble.

Indianapolis News: Mr. Ford says that the aircraft traffic problem is now confronting us, which rather stacks things up, as we haven't yet solved the automobile traffic problem.

In Their Favor.

Detroit News: We shall have to concede to song writers and others: They don't keep writing Lincoln's Gettysburg address and palm it off as something new.

It Pays.

Buffalo Courier Express: Reading that the cover charge in New York for the coming-out party of the youthful 1929 ran to at least \$5,000,000, it can easily be understood why there is so much interest in promoting that affair.

Fair Enough.

Houston Post-Dispatch: If the weather man would only pay us back the two-bit for antifreeze we pour into our radiator every time he predicts a freeze that doesn't eventuate it would help in the purchase of gas next summer.

Too Many Skeletons.

Philadelphia Inquirer: The British College of Arms says that fewer persons these days are tracing their ancestry. They have probably learned from the experience of others that when it gets back to a certain distance it isn't so hot.

Pratfall.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: The cows give more milk per cow than they used to and the hens lay more eggs per hen, radios a farm leader to a Western audience. And he never once mentioned Republic's government and prosperity as the cause. Put him out!

One Way Out.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Not being particularly keen about spending the rest of our life in jail, we believe, if we lived in Michigan and had three convictions to our credit, we'd move into some other State before doing anything that would get us into the fourth.

Hardy Perennial.

Louisville Courier Journal: Indians is going through the same financial difficulties in its school system that Kentucky suffered from for years. Accumulated deficits in the State school fund amount to \$1,000,000. Nothing else seems to grow with less effort than a dead leaf.

Where, Indeed?

Philadelphia Inquirer: A movement has been started by a California man toward the passing of a law making it compulsory for parents to have tattooed on each new baby its name, together with date and place of birth. That's an outrage or will be if it becomes law. Where could such a record be tattooed now with any guaranty it wouldn't prove embarrassing later on?

Not So Good.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Enforcement of the Mai-Mills \$25,000 prize plan is "pretty good," and then points out the "fy in the cincture—that all its salient features are now a part of the enforcement program." And that's

HOW TO KEEP THIN.

Has any one ever seen a stout Japanese woman? I never have, writes a contributor in the London Daily Mail, although I have spent many years in Tokyo and other large towns in what might be called the suburban districts. To be fat in Japan is almost a crime and no woman who has any regard for her personal appearance would allow herself to add one inch to her measurements, no matter what her age or position in life.

Yet the staple food of the Japanese is rice and that is considered, at least by Europeans, a very fattening substance, especially when eaten as the sole dish at a meal.

The Japanese woman keeps her figure slender and supple chiefly through frequent bathing and because she never allows herself to slumber on a feather bed or even on a luxurious mattress. The couch upon which a Japanese beauty takes her rest is a hard and unyielding one. It braces the muscles and keeps the spine supple so that no ugly lumps of fat form around the neck and shoulder

EVENTS OF INTEREST IN SOCIETY CIRCLES OF CAPITAL

THE President and Mrs. Coolidge will entertain at dinner this evening at the White House in honor of the Speaker of the House and Mrs. Nichols.

Additional guests have been invited to attend a musical after the dinner.

Mrs. Coolidge attended the concert given yesterday morning in the ballroom of the Mayflower, by Benjamin Gigli, tenor, and Ruth Townsend, mezzo-soprano.

The British Ambassador and Lady Isabella Howard will be the guests of Mrs. Medill McCormick at a supper Sunday evening and will later view the English film being shown at Wardman Park Hotel.

The Ambassador of Mexico and Senator de Telles will entertain at dinner this evening.

The Ambassador of Brazil, Mr. S. Gurgel do Amaral, was the running guest of Mrs. Lawrence Townsend at her luncheon yesterday in honor of the two singers at the musical at the Mayflower. Her other guests were the Ambassador of Costa Rica and Mme. Fernanda de Sarmiento, who left Washington immediately following the luncheon. Princess Elizabeth de Ligne, Princess Margaret Boncompagni, Count de Sarcey and Mr. Jules Henry, of the French Embassy; Mr. Ronald Campbell, Wing Commander and Mr. T. G. Metcalfe, Captain and Mr. A. J. Pach, of the British Embassy. Mrs. Thomas Stone, of the Canadian Legation; Mr. Nelson Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. James Clement Dunn, Mr. Cleveland Perkins, Mrs. Elbridge Jordan, Mrs. Tracy Davis, Mrs. Rose Morrison, Mrs. Harrison H. Smith, Mrs. George Meets, Mr. Milan Petrovic, Mr. Fred Huber, of Baltimore, and Mr. Randolph Santini, of New York.

Mrs. Henry F. Dimock Entertains Italian Society.

The Italian Ambassador and Donna Antoinette de Martino, owing to the court mourning prescribed by his majesty, the King of Italy, for the death of the Grand Duke Nicholas, were obliged to refuse the invitation to the Italy-America Society of Washington for last night.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. Henry F. Dimock the meeting was held at her residence at 2:30 yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Dimock received the guests and at 10 o'clock a group of songs was given by Mr. Beniamino Gigli and Miss Helen Hoswick.

Mr. Henry Burchell, president of the Italian-American Society, Mrs. Dimock, her daughter, Miss Mary Burchell, attended the reception.

The Chilean Ambassador, who has been passing several days in New York, is expected to return this evening.

Ambassador and Mrs. Dwight Morrow are at their home in Englewood, N. J., and are expected to come to Washington in a few days before returning to Mexico City.

Justice and Mrs. Stone To Entertain This Evening.

Justice and Mrs. Harlan Fiske Stone will entertain at dinner this evening. Mrs. Stone will not receive January 21 and January 28, as she is leaving to observe the anniversary of Cambrai, France, where she will be the guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Stone.

The Minister of Hungary and Countess Szemere will entertain at dinner this evening.

Dr. Enrique Olaya, Minister from Colombia, was host at a luncheon party at the Ritz-Carlton yesterday.

The Minister of Greece and Mme. Simopoulos entertained at dinner last evening.

The Canadian Minister and Mrs. Vincent Massey are passing several days at the Ritz-Carlton, New York.

Mme. Medina, wife of the Minister of Bolivia, will be the guest in whose honor Mrs. Jorge E. Boyd, wife of the Counselor of the Bolivian Legation, will entertain at a luncheon today at the Carlton Hotel.

Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, wife of the Secretary of State, will entertain at the Society of Sponsors of the United States Navy at ten Wednesday afternoon in her apartment at the Stoneleigh Court.

Mr. H. H. Sims, attaché of the British Embassy, and Mrs. Sims, have returned from Montreal, Canada, where they passed a fortnight.

Mr. Henry Wilder Keyes, wife of Senator Keyes, and Mrs. Key Pittman, wife of Senator Pittman, will receive together this afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Keyes, 1839 Sixteenth street. Assisting will be Mme. Sze, wife of the Minister of China; Mrs. George Moses, Mrs. Tasker Dodd; Mr. Peter Goetz, Gerry, Mrs. John B. Kendrick, Mrs. Emmet Guder, Mrs. Charles L. and Mrs. John Bartlett. This is the only time Mr. Keyes will be at home this season.

Mr. Walter F. George, wife of Senator George, entertained at luncheon yesterday after the musical at the Mayflower. Her guests were Mrs. Morris Shepard, Mrs. Thomas Bayard, Mrs. Charles Deneen, Mrs. Robert L. Taylor, Mrs. Eugene Cox, Mrs. Wilton J. Lambert, Mrs. Frederick Coleman, Mrs. Jack and Mrs. Mrs. Samuel J. Beverly Williamson.

Engagement Announced of Miss Marian Barkley.

Senator and Mrs. Alben W. Barkley have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marian Frances Barkley, to Mr. Max O'Rell Truett, of Columbia, Mo., which will take place at the home of the bride Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Moses, wife of Senator Moses, of New Hampshire, will not receive this afternoon, but will be at home the following Thursday until Lent.

Representative and Mrs. James M. Beck will entertain at dinner this evening.

Mrs. S. Pinckney Tuck, who has returned to Washington, will be her representative and Mrs. Beck again later in the season when she will be joined here by Mr. Tuck, First Secretary of the American Embassy at Constantinople.

Representative and Mrs. William H. Evans had tea with them in their apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee McCourt, of California, Mr. and Mrs. McCourt started for their home on the West Coast the first of the week.

Major Gen. and Mrs. William D. Connor were the guests in whose honor Maj. and Mrs. George Young, West, entertained at the dinner given yesterday at the Army and Navy Club. The other guests were Rear Admiral and Mrs. Arthur Willard, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles H. Bridges, Col. and Mrs. Julius Conrad, Col. and Mrs. Andrew Moses, Col. and Mrs. John B. Shuman, Mrs. William Chamberlain, Mrs. John Gardner.



MISS MARGARET BATES, a member of the committee in charge of the Army and Navy Junior Dance to be held January 25 at the Willard.

well, Col. William L. Patterson, and Lieut. Reginald Foster.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Herbert Owen Williams entertained at dinner last evening at the Army and Navy Club preceding the dance there. The guests were Representative and Mrs. Fred S. Russell, Brig. Gen. Francis Le J. Parker, Miss Helen Hardenbergh, Col. and Mrs. Robert Foy, Col. R. H. Williams, Miss Marie Williams, Maj. and Mrs. Georges Thenuaut, Maj. and Mrs. Frank Besson, and Maj. and Mrs. Alexander Patch.

Mrs. Clyde Kelly, wife of Representative and Mrs. Kelly, will entertain at luncheon today in honor of Mrs. Elwin Poor and Mrs. Julian Ripley.

Mr. Joseph Washington will entertain at tea this afternoon at 5 o'clock to meet Mrs. Augustus S. Bissell and Mrs. H. Sturt Hockfield.

Mr. and Mrs. George Temple Bowdoin, of New York and Long Island, will arrive at the Carlton today and will attend the musical at the White House tonight.

Col. and Mrs. George Thorpe Entertain at Tea Today.

Col. and Mrs. George Thorpe will be at a small tea this afternoon in honor of Mr. Albert J. Wright, of New York, and Newport. Assisting Mrs. Thorpe will be Lady Broderick, Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Sanders and Mrs. Samuel Johnson.

Mr. Joseph S. Fralingshoven, of Fair Hills, N. J., is at the Mayflower.

Former Gov. Henry J. Allen of Kansas arrived yesterday and is also at the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. Karl Loox entertained at the dinner dance last evening at the Army and Navy Club.

Mr. O. W. McCrory entertained at the supper dance at the Wardman Park Hotel last evening.

Mr. F. L. Browne also entertained at dinner last evening at that hotel.

Mr. Everett Sanders, wife of the Lloyds, to the right, and Mrs. Lloyd Thompson, wife of the representative from Iowa, will pour tea at the meeting of the Political Study Club Saturday in the Washington Club Seventeenth and K streets. Mrs. Virgil Miller, hostess, will have assisting her Mrs. Edgar Kay and Mrs. J. L. Baily.

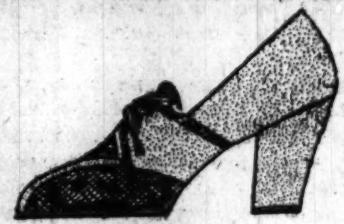
Mr. and Mrs. Horace W. Pease, Jr., who have been passing their honeymoon in Bermuda, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Farrand's Daughter is Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Farrand, the president of Cornell University, have announced the engagement of their youngest daughter, Miss Representative Hattie W. Summers.

SHOE CLEARANCE

\$8.85



Unprecedented values are offered in this clearance of Cousins and other high-grade shoes.

Walking or dressy styles of Suede, Reptile, Patent or Kid in Brown, Black or Blue.

More Complete Lines, \$11.85 & \$14.85

W. B. Moses & Sons

Public Confidence Since 1861

F Street at Eleventh Main 3770

Rizik
Brothers

Special Announcement

THE fire which damaged Dulin & Martin, our neighbor, fortunately did not spread to RIZIK BROTHERS. However, the roof of our workroom was ripped away by a toppling wall, and the resultant damage will make it impossible for us to serve our friends and patrons for a few days. Repairs are being made rapidly and—

we expect to re-open by the end of the week

Watch for further announcements

TWELVE THIRTEEN F

Mary Dalton Farrand, to Mr. James Kenneth Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Hall of Lexington, Ky. Miss Farrand is a graduate of the Shipley School in Bryn Mawr. Mr. Hall is a member of the class of 1928 of Cornell. The wedding will take place in the spring.

Mrs. Gibson Farnsworth is stopping at the Ambassador, New York.

Mrs. Montgomery Blair will be at home on the remaining Tuesdays in January.

Brig. Gen. Jesse McIlvane Carter has announced the marriage of his daughter, Miss Betty Landor Carter, to Mr. Frederick Nathan Caldwell, December 27, at Houston, Tex. The bride will be at home after January 15 at 105 Bradford street, Charleston-on-Kanawha, W. Va.

Mr. John T. Marchand entertained at luncheon and bridge yesterday at the Army and Navy Club.

Baron Di San Floro to Wed Miss Josephine C. Pomeroy.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Cowles Pomeroy have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Josephine Cowles Pomeroy, to Baron Luigi Filippo Maria Cola Di San Floro on Thursday, January 25, at 10 o'clock at the Church of the Apostles in Rome.

The Baron and Baroness will be at home after April 1 at the Palazzo Odescalchi, Corso Umberto 287, Rome.

Mr. Sidney F. Taliaferro, wife of the Commissioner of the District, will be at home this afternoon and the two succeeding Thursday afternoons during January 4 until 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Charles Woodhill will entertain at luncheon today.

Mrs. Ralph Jenkins will sail January 26 for Bermuda to remain a fortnight.

Mrs. Charles Bell will entertain at luncheon today in honor of Mrs. Elwin Poor and Mrs. Julian Ripley.

Mrs. Joseph Washington will entertain at tea this afternoon at 5 o'clock to meet Mrs. Augustus S. Bissell and Mrs. H. Sturt Hockfield.

Mrs. Charles W. Eberle, Mrs. John C. Fremont, Mrs. Robert Hinchley, Mrs. Charles F. Thompson, Mrs. Robert M. Edwards, Mrs. William H. King, Mrs. Charles Howell Le Feuvre, Mrs. E. H. Licum, Mrs. Dalmatoff Love, Mrs. George Miningerode, Mrs. James Dudley Morgan, Mrs. Duncan Phillips, Mrs. Francis Martin Sawyer, Mrs. F. G. Parsons, Mrs. F. Russell Dell, Mrs. Stamford, Mrs. Eleanor Tracy, Mrs. Chester Wells and Mrs. Devonport White.

Hostesses for the evening are: Mrs. Sam C. Major, Mrs. Clyde Williams, Mrs. James L. Baily, Mrs. V. A. Durham and Mrs. Nat. Lacey. The chairman of the reception committee is Mrs. Eugene H. Andrew.

Lecture on Jewels at Congressional Club.

Constitutional Club members will entertain tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, when the guest of honor will be Dr. George J. Kunz, who will speak on "Precious Stones."

The Congressional Club will also hold an at home January 22 from 8:30 until 12 o'clock, when there will be a card.

The tableaux of nations to be given February 6 by Chapter 3 of the Colonial Dames of America, the representatives of Mrs. Dennis Loyer, at 1829 K street, is being arranged by Mrs. Walter H. Tuckerman, one of the vice presidents. Many of the younger members of the diplomatic corps and the debutes of the season are taking part.

Mrs. Robert Lansing had guests dining informally with her last evening at

Additional patronesses are being

Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Hensman will be the guests of honor of the Art Promoters Club at the weekly dinner meeting at 7 o'clock in the Playhouse Inn, 11th and N streets.

Hensman will speak on journalism.

The alumni of Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital will give their fourth annual dance at the Mayflower February 9. These dances are given for the purpose of endowing a room in the hospital for sick nurses.

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WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE



Shirts of plain lustrous white English broadcloth—scientifically treated that makes it absolutely nonshrinkable—tailored to the usual Raleigh Haberdasher standard and guaranteed first quality—they'll wear well, wash well. Values like these suggest an early visit.

Raleigh Haberdasher
INC.
1310 F Street

SEMI-ANNUAL SHIRT SALE!
FINE WOVEN MADRAS SHIRTS
2 COLLARS TO MATCH AND
COLLARS ATTACHED

\$1.85

Were \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

\$2.00	White Broadcloth Shirts	\$1.65
3.00	White Broadcloth Shirts	2.35
4.00	White Broadcloth Shirts	2.85
2.50	White and Solid Color Oxfords	1.85
2.00	Cooper Union Suits	1.65
2.50	Cooper Union Suits	1.85
3.00	Cooper Union Suits	2.35
2.00	Pajamas	1.55
2.50	Pajamas	1.85
4.00	Buck Gloves	3.00

ALL LINED GLOVES REDUCED

OPPOSITE
WASH. HOTEL R. T. CISSEL 1429 F St. N. W.

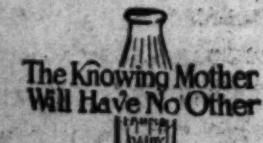
CHESTNUT FARMS DAIRY

Congratulates its friends at Thompson's Dairy in achieving 100% rating on their dairy plant.

We who have so many times received this honor and at this very minute enjoy it, are happy to know that so splendid an organization has marked up the perfect score.

In General Average

this dairy is rated highest by the D. C. Health Department.

The Knowing Mother
Will Have No Other
DAIRY

In setting the standard for public protection for many years, we feel that we alone know the greatness of this new accomplishment by our fellow dairy. The Washington public has real cause for great confidence in the safety of its milk supply with such impartial evidence by its Health Department.

BIRTHS REPORTED.
David Miles, 52, Youngstown, Ohio, and Anna E. Corwin, 42, Connellsville, Pa. The Rev. Henry W. Tolson.
Charles E. Smith, 26, and Minnie Smith, 26. The Rev. W. Westray.
Alfred Mangano, 24, and Angelina R. Cimino, 22, both of Brooklyn, N. Y. M. J. Jessie P. Shirley, 21, and Mildred V. Youngblood, 19, both of Toledo, Ohio.
William A. Collins, 41, and Mary Krivan, 24, both of Hyattsville, Md. The Rev. H. M. Hiltner.
James E. Gray, 31, and Sideonie Briggs, 23, both of Baltimore, Md. The Rev. W. D. Hiltner.
Leonard C. Anderson, 32, and Mae B. Leonard, 29, both of McLean, Va. The Rev. H. M. Hiltner.
Joseph Fox, 32, and Ruth R. Thomas, 28, both of New Haven, Conn.
John Daniels, 50, and Laura Hughes, 41. The Rev. W. Hammett, 36, and Helen Bremner, 30, of Hyattsville, Md. The Rev. J. L. Hiltner.
William Oliver, 48, and Phyllis Rayburg, 26, both of Arlington, Va. The Rev. C. W. Temple Richardson, 21, and Gladys Ekdridge, 20, both of Washington.
William L. Foster, 21, and Anna Coates, 18. The Rev. William A. Jones.
Marriage license issued in Arlington County, Va., to: 26, M. Bender, 26, and Helen L. Kinhardt, 21, both of Baltimore, Md. The Rev. G. G. Gandy.
Irving S. Hudson, 28, of Washington, and Myrtle W. Cook, 23, of Arlington, Arlington County, Va. The Rev. C. W. Temple Richardson, 21, and Gladys Ekdridge, 20, both of Washington.
Oscar C. Johnson, 26, and Cornelia L. Fife, 27, both of Washington.

BIRTHS REPORTED.
Ell and Ade E. Simony, 21, and 19, respectively, girl.
William and Stella Kenealy, girl.
William and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
William V. and Maryelle Musick, girl.
William and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
Harry J. and Bertha L. Knott, girl.
Robert B. and Cecilia A. Holt, boy.
John and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
Eugene and Simonne Roncalli, boy.
John and Conception Conde, boy.
Luther A. and Max Tunkner, girl.
Tina and John Tunkner, girl.
Ira W. and Margaret Lockey, girl.
John and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
Merritt boy.
John and Edna Miller, boy.
John and Naomi Marion, boy.
John and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
William J. and Mary R. Harmon, boy.
John and Ethel Kenealy, girl.
Arthur and Mary King, boy.

MARriages ISSUED.
William Leroy Burrows, 21, and Doris Virginia McManahan, 16, both of Washington, 4/26. The Rev. W. H. Ross, 20, both of Washington.
Oscar C. Johnson, 26, and Cornelia L. Fife, 27, both of Washington.

LICENSED TO MARRY.
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William L. Foster, 21, and Anna Coates, 18. The Rev. William A. Jones.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.
New York, Jan. 18.
ARRIVED
Majestic, from Southampton.
SAIL THURSDAY.
American Trader, for London.
Eastern Dancer, for Helmsfors.
City of Manila, for Port Said.
Muenchen, for Brazil.
Manuel Arzua, for Barcelona.
REPORTED BY RADIO.
Samarla, from Mediterranean cruise; due at pier 56, North River, Thursday.
Albert M. Bender, 26, and Helen L. Kinhardt, 21, both of Baltimore, Md. The Rev. G. G. Gandy.
Irving S. Hudson, 28, of Washington, and Myrtle W. Cook, 23, of Arlington, Arlington County, Va. The Rev. C. W. Temple Richardson, 21, and Gladys Ekdridge, 20, both of Washington.
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Irving S. Hudson, 28, of Washington, and Myrtle W. Cook, 23, of Arlington, Arlington County, Va. The Rev. C. W. Temple Richardson, 21, and Gladys Ekdridge, 20, both of Washington.
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CONCERT AUDIENCE DELIGHTED BY GIGI

Metropolitan Opera Tenor is Heard at Mrs. Townsend's Musical Morning.

MME. PETROVIC ASSISTS

Benjamin Gigli, tenor of the Metropolitan Opera Company, world famous for his mellow tones and operatic gifts was the star of Mrs. Lawrence Townsend's thirty-third musical morning yesterday. His assisting artist was Mme. Ruth Townsend-Petrovic, mezzo-soprano.

No disappearance is intended of Mme. Townsend-Petrovic's attractive voice in the conclusion that Mr. Gigli captured the majority of the audience. Mrs. Weston may sit on the disadvantages of the film, among them, the number. One of the loveliest songs M. Gigli sang was "Rachmaninoff's" "In the Silence of the Night."

Mme. Townsend-Petrovic, who is head of the vocal department of the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music, has given him to use his very tender mezzo-voice. In his native Italian his diction, of course, was as to the manner born and he sang in English with just the falsetto tones of an accent. He was amazement with enthusiasm, as some of them. The greatest applause was given to "La Donna Mobile" and "O Sole Mio."

BEHIND THE SCREENS

With NELSON B. BELL

By dint of a vast amount of hustling on busy nights, I have been able to avail myself of a scant 45 per cent of the preferred opportunities to preview important pictures during the past year. The result has been a considerable disappointment that I learn I would have been in plenty of time for the screening at the Metropolitan last Friday night, although I would have been as much as an hour late at 12:30 p.m. I would have been too late for at least half of "My Man."

It seems that Fanny Brice, star of the picture, and also of "Floretta," didn't like her appearance and are afraid of midnight, and that was my main accomplishment after that before the picture could start. Which may be said to be the usual luck of my high-strung correspondent.

Now, holding *see* "My Man," I can only report that those who did pronounced it *well*. Fanny Brice—plenty of recommendation as far as I personally am concerned. A distinguished gathering viewed the film, among them, in addition to its star, Earl Carroll, Leon Errol, Dorothy Knapp, practically

the entire "Floretta" company, playing the National, and Representative and Mrs. Williams, of Texas, and two daughters, who were interested in viewing the performance of their son, and another young "big name."

"Big Boy," I am given to understand, incurred the family wrath by departing from the paternal roof for the open air for a particularly good reason that his progenitors were able to do it.

With the complimentary screening of "Old Arizona" at the Fox Tuesday night, I had slight better luck, dash through the back alley from my desk to the cathedral in ample time to miss the picture's main title, cast of characters and introductory action. However, I saw enough to know the picture was a good one, and advantage of this posture as an aid to writing is, of course, immediately apparent, even so, I'll wager Kreisler can't do it!

There are times when the outdoor noises obviously have been simulated, in the main, the effect is excellent, but the viewer will not bring forth a final characterization than that of the "Cisco Kid" by Warner Baxter, nor one very much better than Dorothy Burgess' interpretation of the "Giant" by John Wayne. The "Cisco Kid" is the sentimental bandit, offers a portrayal—both in the matter of action and in the rendering of his lines—that the late Holbrook Blinn at his best could not possibly have matched.

"Old Arizona" is booked for public presentation at the Fox beginning January 26. I shall attempt to review it, but I am afraid that it might well be, say, hereafter, that I might be compelled to simulation of the Augustus Thomas play "Arizona," but a remarkably faithful transcription of O. Henry's story of "The Cisco Kid."

Emmett J. Flynn, under the direction of George W. S. Hale and completed by Irving Cummings.

Brush up on your Spanish if you plan to see it!

In case you are thinking of being measured for a screen playmate, you may be interested to know 5 feet 5 inches seems to be the popular "stellar height" for film stars, according to Photoplay Magazine's statistician. At 11:30 p.m. you can see the following cinema celebs" in that class:

Billie Dove, Corinne Griffith, Dorothy Mackail, Marie Corda, Thelma Todd, Mary Astor, Madge Bellamy, Evelyn Brent, Marion Davies, Norma Shearer, Paulette Goddard, Julian Eltinge, Jacqueline Logan, Virginia Pearson, Marie

Ward, and others, in "The Red Dance."

As this is written, Wednesday afternoon, I note from the newspaper report that the snowstorm that didn't begin last Monday is still raging!

YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN, SC. D.

The Parent Counselor.

The Small Town.

"We live in a small town—say the high school cratons say—we are on the threshold of life. We can not get jobs here, there is no future and little inducement to remain. Should we seek our fortune in the city, we remain content with our misfortunes here?"

"TOM, DICK, HARRY AND JOE" over to that question. A young person has the undiluted right to live where he can, to go where he can, to make a composite picture of work, love and recreation. If we can not find the things which contribute to our leisure, if we have no job, we can not make the picture for love. If we have no recreation we die."

The old folks in the village may be content with pushing back the table three times a day, bed after dusk and slender pocketbooks. But they have little time for Turkey-in-the-Straw dances, apple-popping and popcorn parties.

But times have moved. Today youth has its high school diploma, its dreams of greater and greater duty for something done. That's the way our youth talk and youth is right about it.

But listen to what the old folks say: "Farming does not pay." "Oh for the good old days." "I'm sick of economic." "The Sister." "Man writing home from the big city." "Jack was a good boy, great she last night." "My, but the store bargains!" School board and grange talking. "No money, high taxes, no business."

The old folks didn't know this talk without becoming "conditioned" or plainer English, of getting into the state where they believe all this talk is true and act upon it.

The idea of letting children listen for years to talk of woe and then suddenly to tell them there is no place like home would be amusing if it didn't have its tragedy.

Now, my inquiring young friend, two courses are open. Each of you must decide for yourself, whether he is prepared emotionally to meet the challenge spiritually to look after himself in the adventure of going to a city. Some boys are better adapted to the small town and will live happier, fuller, better-rounded lives there than in the city, for other boys, otherwise. The second

course is beyond the scope of you young men. It is a matter of your family, your town, your state, your city upon the small town by bringing modern life to it—industry, recreation, libraries, good schools and well-equipped homes.

In dollars and cents it pays to build up a small town. It is a fact that it costs \$5,000 to raise a child. If two boys and girls leave a small town \$80,000 has moved away. The first problem for the town fathers is to get industries. A town must have pay envelopes if the children are to have radios, play cards, go to the movies, have maple floors and stand good schools.

Why don't you boys start something by going down to the town council and addressing the city fathers with your ideas? The town fathers can do the whole town some good. As sons of taxpayers you have a right to talk. Step into the arena and give the oldsters your side of the picture.

OUR CONVERSATION CORNER.

Portrait Points.

This Conversation Corner does not concern itself with the "liveliness" nor with "etiquette" except from the point of view of young people, and then only because they present real problems to parents. Anything which is a problem for a young person is a problem for parents. There are little points "etiquette" which trouble young people and which are not treated in the average question and answer department. There are emotional problems of girls and boys which are treated as "liveliness" questions since they have the deeper significance and importance—both psychological and physical.

Today we offer the following help to our readers: "Thirty-two Every-day Points on Social Behavior," "How to Be Popular and How to Be Popular and Yet Not Cheap" (Underscore the one desired) Remember the S. A. S. E.

How can I keep my son from fighting? A MOTHER.

Answer—I have a hundred of them which I will send to you (on any one I am asking for it). Maybe it will prevent such a situation as that of another mother whose young hopeful came home one day very badly battered and bruised. "Oh, no," she said sternly. "I tell you always to count to a hundred before fighting!"

"Gee, ma, I did, but Jack's mother only told him to count to 60."

(Copyright, 1929.)

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

ACROSS

1 President of Mexico
44 Fondled
47 A woman's name
48 Ill
50 Spacious
51 Woman devoted to religion
52 Resembling a civet in writing
53 A kind of cloth
54 Close by (poetic)
55 An airtight instrument
56 An airtight instrument
57 A kind of cloth
58 Unit of work
59 An energy
60 Process
61 Summit
62 Dismal
63 To run at the nose
64 Salt
65 Died

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.

100% 99% 98%
97% 96% 95%
94% 93% 92%
91% 90% 89%
88% 87% 86%
85% 84% 83%
82% 81% 80%
79% 78% 77%
76% 75% 74%
73% 72% 71%
70% 69% 68%
67% 66% 65%
64% 63% 62%
61% 60% 59%
58% 57% 56%
55% 54% 53%
52% 51% 50%
49% 48% 47%
46% 45% 44%
43% 42% 41%
40% 39% 38%
37% 36% 35%
34% 33% 32%
31% 30% 29%
28% 27% 26%
25% 24% 23%
22% 21% 20%
19% 18% 17%
16% 15% 14%
13% 12% 11%
10% 9% 8%
7% 6% 5%
4% 3% 2%
1% 0%

DOWN.

1 Illuminations fluid
2 Encroachment down
3 Strata 10 Exactly
4 Crests 11 Terminus
5 Labeled pot 12 Lighted
6 Toward 13 Frament
7 Evil spirit 21 Penitent
8 8000 22 Hades
9 an airtight clasp 23 Hades
10 an airtight instrument 24 Wrath
11 Shy 25 Shy
12 Weston 26 Weston in France
13 Pari 27 Weston
14 Paris 28 Weston
15 Capital of 29 Glaston
16 More shadowy 30 Character in
17 Belasco 31 Pickwick
18 Character in 32 Glaston
19 Belasco 33 Pickwick
20 Belasco 34 Glaston
21 Belasco 35 Pickwick
22 Belasco 36 Glaston
23 Belasco 37 Character in
24 Belasco 38 Pickwick
25 Belasco 39 Glaston
26 Belasco 40 American poet
27 Belasco 41 of the last century
28 Belasco 42 Cupid
29 Belasco 43 Cupid
30 Belasco 44 Cupid
31 Belasco 45 Cupid
32 Belasco 46 Cupid
33 Belasco 47 Cupid
34 Belasco 48 Cupid
35 Belasco 49 Cupid
36 Belasco 50 Cupid
37 Belasco 51 About

winter trip tips

The Santa Fe
Service Bureau
Grand Canyon Line

The Santa Fe maintains a special Service Bureau, in charge of its representative at Philadelphia.

This Bureau is prepared to assist in planning a winter trip to the Southwest and California. Detailed information furnished about railroad fares, sleeper rates and hotel accommodations, as well as sightseeing trips. Complete itineraries on request.

You will find this service very helpful, as a time-saver and money-saver.

You are invited to use it freely. Fill in and mail coupon below and we will do the rest.

SANTA FE SERVICE BUREAU
601 402 Finance Bldg., Philadelphia Pa.
Phone Rittenhouse 1464*
Would like information regarding winter trip to _____
including car and house while staying
There will be _____ persons to carry.
Expect to be away about _____ weeks.
Also mail descriptive travel folders.
Name _____
Street No. _____
City and State _____

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Our Usual January Sale

Combined With

Our Rebuilding Sale



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JUNIOR

Offering Values in Fine Hand Custom Tailored to Order Clothes

VALUES THAT ARE UNOBTAINABLE AT
ANY PLACE OR AT ANY TIME

MANY 1/2 PRICE
ALL ARE ASSURED OF
1/3 OFF

Included in this sale are our Tuxedos and Full Dress Suits, made of FOREIGN DRESS WORSTEDS; Cutaway Frocks from ENGLISH SHETLANDS, braided by hand and silk lined with the famous Catoir silks. Business Suits in all weights and in every conceivable shade in plaids, stripes and plain materials, a contribution FROM THE BEST MILLS IN THE WORLD.

Coatings, light medium or heavy weights, in novelty or conservative, made in any style desired.

Hand custom tailored to order, made up to the HIGHEST STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE—An opportunity no one can afford to pass, who wants to be well dressed at a fraction of the cost.

These Special Suits As Well As All Others Bearing Our Label Entitle the Wearer to Valet Service Gratis. All Garments Hand Pressed

W. M. FRENEY CO., Inc.

Tailors and Direct Importers of Exclusive Woolens

611 14th Street N.W.

For colds, grip and flu take
alotabs
"SAFETY MARK REG."

Relieves the congestion, prevents complications, and hastens recovery.

Lifts You Over
The Grades On
The Wings of
The Wind



GASPARRI DIRECTING ITALO-PAPAL PARLEY

Roman Question Negotiations
Begun by Cardinal as Far Back as 1918.

AMERICAN WOMAN AIDED

Rome, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—It was revealed today that Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, was instructed by Pope Pius to direct all negotiations for solution of the Roman question and that, indeed, the negotiations were conducted by the Italian diplomats, with instructions by Mgr. Borgognini Dura, secretary of extraordinary affairs at the Vatican, and Mgr. Pasolini.

The fundamental basis of discussion between the two nations in the agreement for solution of the long pending problem was a project for conciliation which Cardinal Gasparri drew up as long ago as 1918 when it was submitted to the then Premier Orlando during the Paris Peace Conference.

In order to avoid having the negotiations with the papacy leak out, Premier Orlando several times went to the hotel apartment occupied by Sig. Brambilla, a member of the Italian delegation to the peace conference, where he was received by Signor Brambilla, formerly Miss Julius Meyer, daughter of George von Lengerke Meyer, former American Ambassador to Rome, and one-time Secretary of the Navy.

Others who were present and who the papal representative discussed the Gasparri plan thoroughly, and communicated with the Vatican in code about some changes which had been introduced.

After this the plan was approved by both sides, and Orlando called for both the negotiations to be resumed.

During the present negotiations Cardinal Gasparri has been most useful to both parties, especially because of his vast and profound juridical knowledge.

Watson said that the cardinal's concurrence in the solution of the Roman question is definitely accepted by the Pope and Premier Mussolini; it will represent a great victory for the cardinal, who will then rank next to Cardinal Consalvi, who concurred in the concordat with Napoleon in 1801, as among the most celebrated of the papal diplomats.

WILLIAM A. YOUNG IS BURIED

Services for Former Capitol Guide, Spanish War Veteran, Held.

Funeral services for William A. Young, 52 years old, of 501 Twelfth street northeast, who for many years was a guide at the Capitol, were held yesterday afternoon at Zurborg's chapel, Third and East Capitol streets.

He was buried yesterday afternoon with military honors in Arlington Cemetery.

Young died Sunday at his residence.

He was born at Winchester, Ky., and had lived in Washington for 20 years.

Young was a member of the Jefferson Lodge, No. 9, F. & A. M., and of Almas Temple, The Spanish War Veterans, of which organization he was a member, officiated at his funeral.

His widow, Mrs. Georgia Young, and a daughter survive him.

MRS. CRANDALL SERVICES.

Funeral of Captain's Widow to Be Held This Afternoon.

Funeral services for Mrs. Mollie Crandall, 73 years old, who died Monday at her Portland Hotel residence, Fourteenth street and Vermont avenue northwest, will be held this morning at 8:30 o'clock at the S. H. Hines Funeral home, 1001 Fourteenth street northwest. At 9 o'clock services will be said at St. Matthew's Catholic Church. Burial will be in Arlington National Cemetery.

Mrs. Crandall was the wife of the late Capt. Clark P. Crandall. She came to Washington 15 years ago from her birthplace in Maine and was active here in charitable work.

The FREE Educational Bureau of the Washington Post will be glad to supply you with brochures and other information on Schools and Colleges in and out of Washington.

O. T. Bannard Dies
Aboard Ship at Sea

New York Banker, 74, Was
on His Way to Manila
for His Health.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Word of the death at sea in Otto Tremont Bannard, New York banker, was received here today by the American Mail Line office from the liner President Cleveland, on which Bannard had sailed from here on Saturday.

Bannard arrived here after the President Cleveland had sailed, but the vessel was brought back to the dock at his usual pier so that his health-seeking trip would not be delayed.

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Otto Tremont Bannard was national chairman of the Yale University campaign which raised a record sum of \$50,000,000, goal set in 1927. He was a fellow of the Corporation of Yale University, and in July, 1918, was appointed to the chairman of the advisory committee to the president of the institution.

Mrs. Bannard ran as Republican candidate for mayor of New York City in 1909 and was defeated by the late William J. Gaynor.

Alexander Hamilton Bust
Stolen From Hall of Fame

Police Called in by N. Y. U. Chancellor, But Fail to Solve Mystery of Missing Statue of Early-Day Statesman Killed by Burr.

New York, Jan. 16 (N.Y.W.N.S.)—The night watchman at New York University was making his rounds today in the frosty dawn, when suddenly, passing through the Hall of Fame for the American Revolution, he found an astortioned and rubbed his eyes.

"Where," he said, "is Alexander Ham-

ilton?"

When indeed? All the other bronze

heads of great Americans stood stiffly

in their accustomed places, but Alex-

ander Hamilton, who in 1915 had been

elected to the Hall of Fame, just 12

years after falling in a duel with Aaron

Burr at Weehawken, across the Hud-

son River, had vanished into thin air.

MISS MARTHA READ DIES.

Sister Receives Word of Late Jurist's Daughter Passing Away Abroad.

Word of the death of Miss Martha McClelland Read, sister of Mrs. R. L. Henry, wife of Judge R. L. Henry, American judge of the Egyptian Mixed Court, Alexandria, Egypt, was received by cable yesterday by Mrs. J. L. Coontz, Mrs. Read's sister, 714 Jefferson street northwest.

Miss Read formerly made her home with her sister in Washington where Judge Henry served during the war on the War Adjustment Board. She was the daughter of Judge Alvan C. Read, of Baton Rouge. She is surviv-

ed by her two sisters, Mrs. Coontz and Mrs. Henry; an aunt, Mrs. W. W. Ogilvie, Lewisburg, Tenn., and other relatives.

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BRISK RALLY MARKS OPENING OF TRADING

Many Stocks Recover More Than Half of Previous Day's Losses.

FEW ISSUES YIELD AGAIN

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Jan. 16.—Stocks today recovered more than half of their losses of yesterday. Strong rallies occurred at the opening, followed by a period of irregularity, and in the final hour practically the whole list turned upward under the leadership of the steels. The close was strong. The day's turnover was slightly under 3,000,000 shares.

Several issues which received the hardest hammering on the part of the bears yesterday were out in front on the upside today, some of them recovering round about the score of new high prices for a year or more that were established during the session. In this connection, Allied Chemical, Matheson Alkali, Electric Auto Lite, and American Metal Air Reduction, Glidden, Columbia Gas & Electric, Great Western Sugar and Durex Edison, Gains ranging from 2 to 17 points were attained by this group, with Allied Chemical securing the maximum. Matheson Alkali finished 12½% net above yesterday's price, and Electric Auto Lite, up 9¾%.

Several other new peak prices since the year's start were achieved, including United States Steel, which soared to 72½ and closed at 17½, up 6¾ net, and Vanadium, which moved up to 108½ and closed at that figure, a net gain of 5¾. Youngstown Sheet & Tube gained a net, 2½, the day, and 2½, Midland Steel, 1½, the day, and 2½, Bethlehem, 1½, American Steel & Wire, 2½, Crucible, 1½, Republic, 2, Luddum, 3½, and Sloss-Sheffield, fractionally.

Steel Rumors Discounted.

Although rumors concerning United States Steel were flying about today it still is maintained in authoritative quarters that nothing special is to be expected at the regular quarterly meeting of the corporation, to be held on January 20, although fourth quarter earnings were very poor. The current high rate of operations and the higher metals suggest an unusually good first quarter.

It may be that the U. S. Steel stock is comparatively cheap on an earnings basis, but interests long identified with the affairs of the corporation conclude that the stock was to be regarded as an investment and not a speculation.

The character of trading today and yesterday indicated that there had been a considerable falling off of public participation in the market.

The chemical stocks were given a whirl upward, but most shares were included in the day's gains, 2½, Midland Steel, 1½, the day, and 2½, Bethlehem, 1½, American Steel & Wire, 2½, Crucible, 1½, Republic, 2, Luddum, 3½, and Sloss-Sheffield, fractionally.

Most Carriers Close With Gains.

Although trading was light among the carrier issues as a rule, most of them closed with gains for the day. The most stocks gained slightly in fairline trading. Utilities and specialties also did well.

Included among the outstanding were Western Union, 5; Wright, 4½; United Paper Boxes, 3½; Stewart, 3%; Joseph, 3%; Joseph, 3%; Public Service of New Jersey, 4; National Lead, 2½; Liquid Carbonic, 2½; Lewis, 3; Morris, 5½; John Morris, 3; Commercial Products, 5½; Fiat Rubber, 3; International Harvester, 4%; Bond, 4%; Terminal Tank Car, 4%; Bush Terminal Electric, 2½; American Cab, 2; Gen. Cable, 2½; Western, 3½; Utah, 2½; Baltimore & Ohio, 1½; Atchison, 1½; Borden, 1½; Kodak, 2; and on.

Radio had 82 points; National Tea, 2½; Pacific Coast, 4; North German Lloyd, 2; Industrial Rayon, 3; American Machine Foundry, 3½, and Laclede, 2.

Call Rates Held at 8 Per Cent.

The call money rate remained at 8 percent and held at that figure throughout the day, although the banks withdrew more than \$200,000.

Trade in the day generally was favorable to stock market sentiment, consisting principally of corporation reports showing increased earnings, an increase in steel output and increased use of that metal in railroad construction work. Stringency in money at the moment, naturally had led to a good deal of conjecture on what just may be ahead so far as market is concerned, when the period of month-end adjustments comes around.

Confidence pressure upon the pound sterling caused a retreat in the whole foreign exchange market. The pound, still hovering slightly above the 48.80, dropped 1½ below that and so close to the gold shipping point that any firm dealing in London on advertising or other purposes could bring it here without financial loss.

Other European currencies usually are responsive to movements in the pound rate and today some of them went sharply lower. Swedish crowns, in particular, with a drop of 1½ points, and Dutch, with a like recession, were best, but Swiss, Belgian, German, Danish and Spanish rates all fell 1½ points while lire and French francs were unchanged. Canadian dollars fell to a shade below 4½, were on a firm stump in New York was connected with Chinese political disturbances and rates on Shanghai and Hongkong also were steady.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—While some of the cotton market was rather quiet, the cotton market was active, with some of the cotton and cotton products, which appeared to be the stock market of continued interest in the spot market. Market contracts were 20.18 to 20.30.

The market closed very steady in the advances of 12 to 14 points.

The market closed steady at an advance of 4 points to a high of 102½ and sold 6 points net under realising the first few sales under the opening offer.

Trade, however, and after the opening, was 100 to 102½, and 102 to 103 for the remainder of the day.

Trade in the afternoon was 100 to 102½, and 102 to 103 for the remainder of the day.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS OF YESTERDAY

Wednesday, Jan. 16, 1929. Sale High: Low: Last: Chg. Bid

Issue	Sale High	Low	Last	Chg.	Bid	Issue	Sale High	Low	Last	Chg.	Bid	Issue	Sale High	Low	Last	Chg.	Bid
A. Pow. & Gas. (4)	15	45	45	50	45	A. Pow. & Gas. (4)	14	45	45	50	45	A. Pow. & Gas. (4)	13	20	11	12	11
Abraham & Sons (4)	3	142	140	142	141	Abraham & Sons (4)	130	135	112	9	112	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	112	112	112	0	112
Abraham & Stras. (4)	17	15	15	15	15	Abraham & Stras. (4)	108	48	45	45	45	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	108	108	108	0	108
Adams Mill. (2)	12	100	98	98	98	Adams Mill. (2)	100	98	98	98	98	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	98	98	98	0	98
Adw. & Runnel. (1)	71	38	34	31	34	Adw. & Runnel. (1)	188	49	45	45	45	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	188	188	188	0	188
Ahmad's (2)	13	52	51	51	51	Ahmad's (2)	188	49	45	45	45	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	188	188	188	0	188
A. Reduction new (30)	5	39	31	31	31	A. Reduction new (30)	51	54	52	52	52	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	51	51	51	0	51
A. Rubber (2)	41	109	107	109	107	A. Rubber (2)	37	98	97	97	97	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	37	98	97	0	97
A. Rubber (2)	30	98	97	97	97	A. Rubber (2)	62	62	62	62	62	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	62	62	62	0	62
A. Chem. & Dye (6)	11	26	25	25	25	A. Chem. & Dye (6)	49	48	48	48	48	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	49	48	48	0	48
Amal. Leather (7)	11	18	17	17	17	Amal. Leather (7)	21	10	10	10	10	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	21	10	10	0	10
Am. Art. Chem. (1)	2	70	70	70	70	Am. Art. Chem. (1)	101	100	98	98	98	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	100	98	0	98
Am. Art. Chem. (1)	183	22	22	22	22	Am. Art. Chem. (1)	101	100	98	98	98	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	100	98	0	98
Am. Bank Note (5)	61	104	102	102	102	Am. Bank Note (5)	128	95	93	93	93	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	128	95	93	0	93
Am. Beet Sugar (1)	60	60	60	60	60	Am. Beet Sugar (1)	184	18	17	17	17	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	184	18	17	0	17
Am. Board Manuf. (2)	2	25	25	25	25	Am. Board Manuf. (2)	100	55	55	55	55	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	100	55	55	0	55
Am. Brake (180)	73	44	43	43	43	Am. Brake (180)	114	114	114	114	114	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	114	114	114	0	114
Am. Brown Coal (2)	100	55	55	55	55	Am. Brown Coal (2)	100	55	55	55	55	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	100	55	55	0	55
Am. Car & Fdy. (6)	114	121	121	121	121	Am. Car & Fdy. (6)	121	121	121	121	121	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	121	121	121	0	121
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	5	10	10	10	10	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101	0	101
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	6	100	100	100	100	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101	0	101
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	7	100	100	100	100	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101	0	101
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	8	100	100	100	100	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101	0	101
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	9	100	100	100	100	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101	0	101
Am. Ch. of Health (1)	10	100	100	100	100	Am. Ch. of Health (1)	101	101	101	101	101	N. Y. Chil. & St. L. (6)	101	101	101</		



WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1929.

13

REPLAY OF HIGH SCHOOL BASKET BALL SERIES LIKELY

Colonial Five Coach Assails Bows, 33-12, To A. U.

G. W. Held to 1 Point in Second Half as 1,500 See Game.

American Leads, 15-11, at Half; La Favre, Kessler Star.

By JACK ESPEY.

THE George Washington colonials were down fighting when their long delayed debut on the H street floor last night, the Eagles of American University carrying off a 33 to 12 decision after 40 minutes of grueling action before 1,500 fans. The score did not reflect the actuality to which the Eagles were put in hanging up their fourth victory of the season.

Coach Maud Crum's charges lacked the conditions necessary to maintain until the end the killing pace they set at the beginning. While they trashed the Eagles, with four contests already under their belts, finished as strongly as they started.

The Eagles did not rely on Fortres, Burgess, to bear the brunt of their attack as had been expected. Burgess did his share of the point game, but, and the passing conceded much of the right to all of his mates, prominent among whom were Capt. Jack LaFavre and Kessler.

During the entire first half George Washington hung on grimly with Bud Barrow and Reds Allhouse each counting four points, but the home team's attack was more than matched as Dutch Nalism, Dave Litchliter, LaFavre and Kessler clinched the game for American. At half time American led by 15 to 11.

One point, a foul by Bob Gray, constituted the entire score of the Colonial offensive in the second session. Nalism, however, kept up its steam and bettered its first half total by three points. In this period Kessler dominated the scoring, making good on a total of six totes and pocketing a fielder.

American. G PG P George Wash. 1 0 0 0 0 Burgess, B. 6 0 0 0 0 LaFavre, J. 1 0 0 0 0 Litchliter, C. 3 0 0 0 0 Allhouse, H. 0 0 0 0 0 Nalism, D. 2 0 0 0 0 Kessler, R. 1 0 0 0 0 Barrow, R. 0 0 0 0 0 Total. 11 11 33 Total. 4 12

Foul shots attempted. (1) Burgess, (2) LaFavre, (2) Nalism, (4) Gray, (2) Barrow, (3) Kessler. Referee—Moore. Time of halves—20 minutes.

A. U. Sophs Defeated By G. W. Cubs, 19-16

A long side shot by Ginsberg and a free throw by Perry gave the winning margin to the George Washington Freshmen last night in a 19-to-16 triumph over the American U. Sophomores in a preliminary to the varsity game in the State capitol.

C. W. Fresh. G PG P George Wash. 1 0 0 0 0 Burgess, B. 1 0 0 0 0 LaFavre, J. 1 0 0 0 0 Litchliter, C. 0 0 0 0 0 Allhouse, H. 0 0 0 0 0 Nalism, D. 2 0 0 0 0 Kessler, R. 1 0 0 0 0 Barrow, R. 0 0 0 0 0 Total. 10 11 21 Total. 7 16

Foul shots attempted. (1) Burgess, (2) LaFavre, (2) Nalism, (4) Gray, (2) Barrow, (3) Kessler. Referee—Moore. Time of periods—10 minutes.

C. U. Freshmen Win 7th In Row, Beating Collegians

Their seventh straight victory of the season was scored by the undefeated Catholic University Freshmen last night over the Frederickburg Va. Collegians 57 to 41 in the preliminary to the Catholic U.-Loyola meet.

C. U. Fresh. G PG P Collegians. 0 0 0 0 0 Clermont, Jr. 2 0 0 0 0 Mather, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 O'Connor, Jr. 1 0 0 0 0 O'Toole, C. 0 0 0 0 0 Marigan, C. 1 0 0 0 0 Washington, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Moore, C. 0 0 0 0 0 Freeman, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Castell, Jr. 1 0 0 0 0 Hopper, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Perry, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Total. 28 5 57 Total. 6 517

Referee—Simpson. Time of periods—10 minutes.

EAGLES PLAY SATURDAY.

The Anacostia Eagles tosers play the Hyattsville Five in the Congress Heights Gym Saturday night at 8 o'clock.

The French A. C. and Scholastics meet in a preliminary.

PENN BEATS NAVY, 27-26, BY RALLY

Lobley Dribbles Down Floor to Make Decisive Goal.

Special to The Washington Post.

ANAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 16.—Playing their first hard game of the season here today, the center ball team of the Annapolis Midshipmen gave their colors to the University of Pennsylvania, by the narrow margin of one point, the final count being 27 to 26.

As a substitute for the center tos-

up, the Wisconsin coach would start the play with a pass from the center to the side, which team would lead by 1 to 3 points, it will be down in local court history as a record breaker. At no stage of either team gain more than a 4-point margin, and each established that advantage in the middle.

It was a tussle game from every angle and kept the season's largest gathering of spectators keyed to a high pitch of enthusiasm throughout. Out of the terrific melee there emerged two stars, the one being Capt. Joe Schaefer, who, with a 300-pound center, led the Red and Blue corps in fine fashion, accounting for five field goals and four from the strip, thus amassing a fraction over half of the team's points. The Navy, generally guarded by two Middies, managed to squirm his way through, and indicating his deadly eye for the irons, all of his successful shots were made while on balance.

It remained for "Jack" Lobley,

who played a clever game at guard, to turn the tide of battle to the Quakers.

In the last two minutes of play, with Navy in the van, 26 to 25, he dribbled his way around the court, cleverly side-stepped two Navy defenders to score what was to be the winning goal.

Naval Acad. G PG P of Pa. G PG P Clermont, Jr. 2 0 0 0 0 Mather, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 O'Connor, Jr. 1 0 0 0 0 O'Toole, C. 0 0 0 0 0 Marigan, C. 1 0 0 0 0 Washington, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Moore, C. 0 0 0 0 0 Freeman, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Castell, Jr. 1 0 0 0 0 Hopper, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Perry, Jr. 0 0 0 0 0 Total. 28 5 57 Total. 6 517

Referee—Simpson. Time of periods—10 minutes.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE

**SUITS
OVERCOATS**

NOW 1/4 LESS

Were NOW Were NOW

Formal Wear Excepted

Sidney West

INCORPORATED

14th and G Streets N. W.

4 BREWERS TO NASHVILLE.

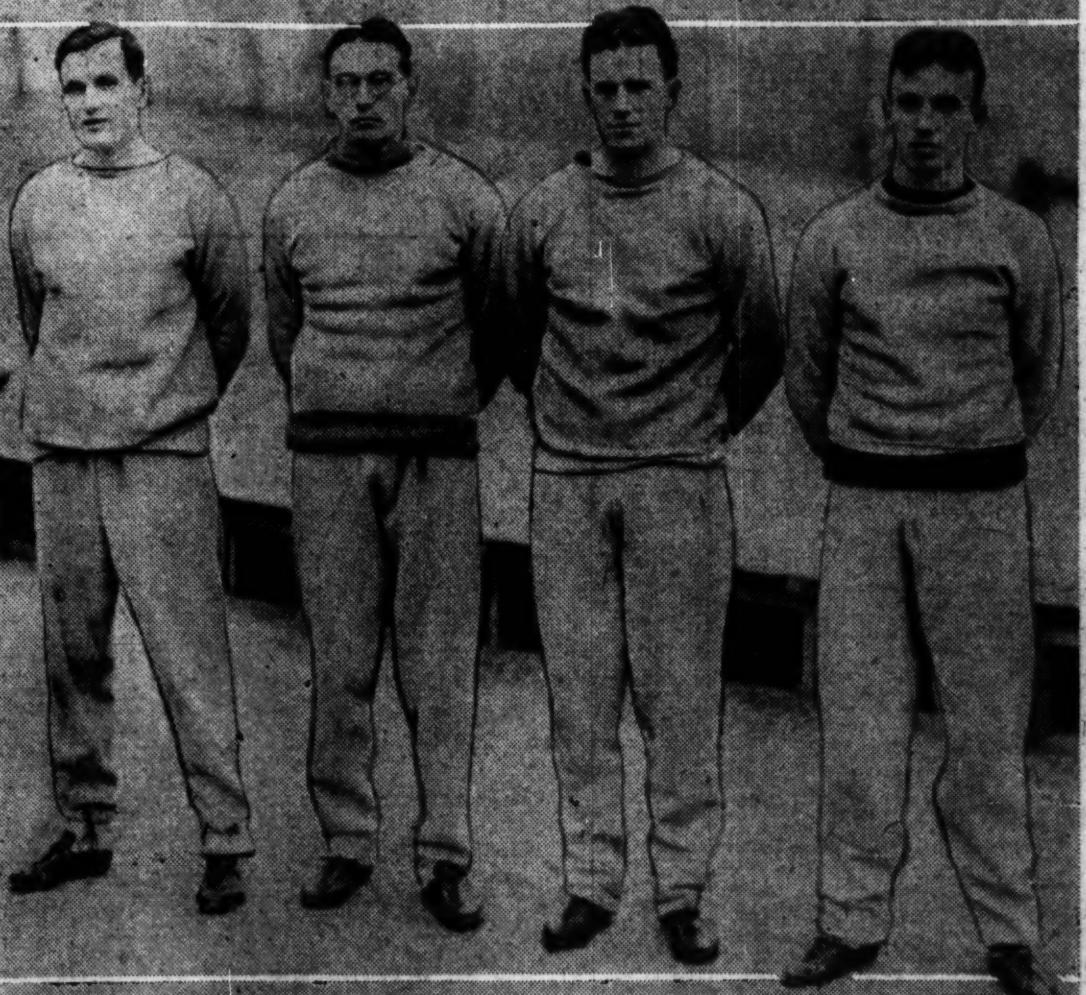
Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Bunny Brief, Milwaukee's home run king, outfielder Vance Gruber, Spencer Adams—infelder and Pitcher Roy Sanderson today were released to the Nashville Club of the Southern League by the Milwaukee American Association team.

Bunny Brief, Milwaukee's home run king, outfielder Vance Gruber, Spencer Adams—infelder and Pitcher Roy Sanderson today were released to the Nashville Club of the Southern League by the Milwaukee American Association team.

Tickets were sent to Johnny Farrell, Gene Sarazen, Joe Turnesa and Willie Klein, four Ryder Cup nominees, who are in Florida.

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NAMED FOR GEORGETOWN U. RELAY TEAM



William Forsyth, Post Staff Photographer.

Following time trials at the outdoor board track at the Hilltop, the above quartet was selected as the team to represent Georgetown in the one-mile relay against Holy Cross, New York University and Boston College next Saturday at the Brooklyn College games. Left to right—Capt. Eddie O'Shea, Eric Kjellstrom, Erwin Cosh and Eddie Hooton. Kjellstrom, a native of Sweden, turned in the fastest quarter of a mile among the ten aspirants of the team.

Garden Hires Ball Parks As Dempsey Bout Looms

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Beating to the punch the boxing combinations formed since Tex Rickard's death, Madison Square Garden Corporation today reached agreements for the use, next summer, of both the Yankee Stadium and Polo Grounds for outdoor shows.

Col. John S. Hammond today added his own opinion to that of William C. Crowley, new master of the Garden affairs, that Jack Dempsey will fight again. He said Dempsey, now actively engaged in carrying out plans for the last fight, Rickard scheduled, the heavyweight tussle between Jack Sharkey and Young Stribling, in Miami Beach, February 27, ordered a heavy punching bag to him along with a treadwheel for indoor exercise from a local sporting goods firm.

If Dempsey returns to the ring, a bout between the former champion and the winner of the current elimination tournament will be staged in one of the ball parks here, Hammond said. Another major attraction planned outdoors is a tussle between Mickey Walker, king of the middleweights, and Tommy Loughran, light-heavyweight champion, for the 175-pound title.

Catholic Hold Scoreless Fight for 16 Minutes.

Like some great yarning vold was the absence last night of Harvey, Foley and Long et al., who used to lead Catholic University teams to victory with such consummate ease last season and previous and who would have dealt with Loyola in the same fashion that Loyola dealt with Catholic last night.

The current Cardinal team bore no semblance to Cardinal teams of past seasons, slack and alax, and the consequent trouncing by Loyola, led by Dudley, a forward, and Liston, a guard, who revelled in the easy going, at the tussle.

For 16 minutes Catholic battled valiantly to score a field goal and then suddenly, success attended its efforts. A shot from the hands of Maloney found the rim. That made the score 20 to 20, and the two teams, which were unable to cash in on the decision fight to be held under auspices of the legion, found Dudley at the result of great activity in the first fifteen minutes that found Dudley and the legion.

Ticket offices today were opened across the street from the dog racing track, where the fight will be held.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14, COLUMN 8.

Reds Megaw Breaks Richmond Pin Record

Special to The Washington Post.

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Contracts between Jack Dempsey, for Madison Square Garden Corporation, and N. W. McNamee, post commander for the American Legion, were signed here today, calling for the bout to be held February 27.

This formality apparently disposed of the last impediment to the bout, the American Legionnaires' decision fight to be held under auspices of the legion.

Dempsey Gains Legion's Aid in Staging Match

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CONTINUED ON PAGE 14, COLUMN 8.

Gonzaga Wins Over Cadets In League

St. John's Five Bows, 26-14, in Debut of Prep Circuit.

Bussink and McVean in Star Roles; Big Crowd at Game.

Gonzaga Relies on Win After

Half Ends in Deadlock.

One team looked as good as the other throughout the first and second quarters, but the score of 7 to 7 at intermission indicated that the game was far from decided, and the decision until the very end. Defensive play marked the early periods, with neither team displaying accuracy in its shots.

McNamee's goal-shooting rush in the third and fourth quarters was the largest the last six years, Gonzaga and St. John's clashed yesterday in the opening game of the championship series of the new District Prep School Basketball League. The game was played at the Boys' Club, Third and C streets northwest. Gonzaga, by dint of a brilliant spurt in the second half, gained victory by a score of 26 to 14, thereby immediately strengthening its bid for The Washington Post trophy, emblematic of the title.

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OUR AGENTS average \$40 weekly. Experience not necessary; immediate returns; work in city. Call mornings, Eastland Studios, 1203 F st. nw.

HELP WANTED—MALE
RELIABLE
MEN
WITH IDENTIFICATION
CARDS
CAN MAKE BIG MONEY
APPLY
MR. RYAN

BLACK & WHITE AND
YELLOW CAR CO.,
1240 24TH ST. N.W.

SITUATIONS—MALE

BABER—Wanted regular Saturday afternoon
Job. Box 165, Washington Post.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE

HIGH SCHOOL and college students desired
positions as governesses, secretaries, typists,
etc. Call 1410 24th St. N.W.

YOUNG GIRL wanted housework, part time
in Washington, D.C. Call 1410 24th St. N.W.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

COLORED COOKS, F. H. \$12.50; maid,
waitress, chamber maid, maid and
mother's helper. 1837 14th st. nw.

WANTED—Young men and women stamp-
ers and bookkeepers: If you are a
striver student, graduate, or
are unemployed, we are anxious to
have you. We are not satisfied with
office employees are unusually bright, and
we are pleased to serve you; only
Strayer College, 721 13th st. nw.

POSITIONS WANTED
to daily. Strayer
College, 721 13th st. nw.

LOST

BELGIAN police dog, female, collar: no tag;
leavers to be paid. Reward. Box 165, Washington Post.

BEARDED—Diamond and crystal link. Reward.
Parsons, 2122 Bancroft pl. nw.

BROOCH—Or pearl; crescent; on north side
of one of; between New Hampshire and
Quincy st. nw. Reward. Box 165, Washington Post.

GLASSES—White gold, with chain
hinges; 14 karat. Reward. Box 165, Washington Post.

LEATHER coat and shoes: left at Chevy
Chase Inn Sunday. Reward. Call Decatur 24205.

MONET—In envelope; lost Sunday noon,
near 16th and M st. nw. Reward. Box 165, Washington Post.

ON Tuesday, Jan. 15, about 5:30 p.m., go-
ing from Breckinridge to Columbia rd. on
the Rock Creek pike, lost a diamond
ring, diamond appt. 2900 19th st. nw.
and receive reward.

PENNYTHORN—Lost on Saturday, Dec. 29.
In newspaper classified pages: 2 German
marks in silver and other coins. Please
call 1410 24th St. N.W.

BUICK—1928 sedan; fully equipped;
good rubber tires; good running
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COURT ELIMINATION ON UTILITIES VALUE MEETS WITH FAVOR

Citizens' Council Decides on Question Without Taking Ballot.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY ROBERTS APPROVED

Provision Made for Holding Stockholders to Report on Their Ownership.

Elimination of the courts as administrative factors in determining the valuation of public utilities in the District met with tentative approval by the citizen's advisory council, meeting last night in the District building, although the question was not brought to a vote.

The question was raised by Dr. George H. Roberts, president of the Association of Citizen's Associations and chairman of the advisory council, at the council meeting last week. He then asked William A. Roberts to submit to the council an amendment to the District building to eliminate the value of the courts which have, in effect, superseded the utilities commission as a rate making body.

The courts, it is complained, assume the rate-fixing duties of the utilities commission and then interfere when going into details in every valuation case which has been brought before a court.

Under the proposed amendment, which is being drafted by Roberts for presentation to the council on Wednesday night, Congress would exclude interference by the courts except on a question of confiscation.

Amendments Proposed.

Three amendments to the utilities bill proposed by Roberts at the last council meeting were approved by the council unanimously. They provide for stringent regulation of holding companies of local utilities to compel reports of all contracts and payments made by the companies to their stockholders; requiring the commission to exclude from operating expenses of the companies all exorbitant or improper payments under such contracts or agreements.

The amendments were adopted with the exception being seconded by both W. Tracy Campbell, of the Anacostia Association, and Thomas E. Lodge, of the American University Park Association.

Highest Tax Foreseen.

Roberts, supported by Havener in his utilities program, thanked the chairman by making a favorable report on the pending Cranston measure providing for the loan of \$15,000,000 for purchase of park lands. Roberts pointed out that it would mean, probably, an increase in District taxes, but he reported it favorably, none the less, and the amendment was unanimously adopted by the council.

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Voters Not Under Obligations In The Post-Pickford Contest



Ten More Register in Race to Win Trip to Screen Star's Home; 56 Girls Enrolled Now; 3,905 Ballots Cast So Far.

Voters in the Washington Post-Mary Pickford Contest are not obligated in any way, some of the contestants have requested it be made plain, either to The Post or Miss Pickford.

It is not a circulation scheme in any sense of the word and all one does when he signs a nomination blank is to help one of the 56 candidates win a trip to Hollywood.

Ten additional girls within the required age limits entered the contest yesterday and 2,574 votes were cast during the day, making totals of 56 girls and 3,905 votes.

The contest is open to entries until January 29. All one has to do is to obtain signatures to the following blank ballot, copies of which may be obtained in the library on the fourth floor of The Post Building:

The Washington Post.

I nominate Miss Blank to go to Hollywood as the guest of The Washington Post and Mary Pickford, who is now making the all-talking picture, "Coquette."

Name Address Apt. No.

The cards must be signed by the name and address of the writer, and if any card or address is found to be obviously fictitious, you will be immediately disqualified for the contest.

The contestants must register at the library of The Washington Post in order to enter the contest.

The girl who has the greatest number of these cards signed in her behalf, will be the winner.

Important Conditions.

There are three important conditions of the contest. First, no cards that are mailed in will be considered, but must be brought to this office by the girl in person, in packets of not less than ten at a time. Second, not more than one letter of nomination must be written by the same person. Third, contestants' cards will be received in the library of The Washington Post, each week day between 11 and 1 o'clock and 3 and 6 o'clock only.

Announcement of the winner will be made on or before February 2 and the winning contestant will be chaperoned by a woman member of The Washington Post staff and will leave Washington February 8.

The contest is open to any young woman between the ages of 18 and 25 except employees of The Washington Post and members of their families.

The Washington Post shall be the sole judge of the contest.

In case of a tie the same prize will be given each of the successful contestants.

New Convertible Seaplane Arrives

Approval Given Bill To Improve Plaza

Craft That Won Contest of Navy to Be Tested; Carries 32 in Cabin.

An experimental type of flying boat, which is directly convertible into a commercial transport plane carrying 32 passengers, was delivered to the Navy Department yesterday.

The Keyes-Elliott bill to extend the Capitol Grounds to Union Station was favorably reported to the Senate yesterday by the Senate committee on public buildings and grounds.

The bill, as it passed the House, provided that street cars should pass through a subway from New Jersey avenue to First street. The Senate committee changed this so as to permit the cars to come out of the subway at 14th street and continue on to the surface of 14th street to First street, where they will turn north to 2nd and 3rd streets.

The contract for this plane was let on January 22, 1928. It was to be delivered to the Navy Department by Lieut. A. W. Grotot, pilot, and S. M. Landen, chief engineer of the building and grounds department of the constructing company.

The boat, designated the XPF-1, was constructed by the Consolidated Aircraft Corporation, of Buffalo, N. Y., on the winning design in a flying boat competition for the Navy Department.

Its wing span is 100 feet and it is equipped with two Richardson type wing-tip pontoons for landing on water.

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